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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the 35th Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Public Packages Holdings Berhad ("PPHB" or "the Company") will be held at Angier & Borden Level 4, Meeting Room, The Prestige Hotel of 8 Gat Lebuh Gereja, 10300 Penang on Monday, 30 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

AGENDA

Ordinary Business

1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 together with the Reports of Directors and Auditors thereon.

Please refer to Note 8

2. To re-elect Mr. Koay Teng Kheong, a Director who retires by rotation in accordance with Article 99 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election.

Ordinary Resolution 1

3. To re-elect Mr. Ong Eng Choon, a Director who retires in accordance with Article 99 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for reelection.

Ordinary Resolution 2

4. To re-elect Mr. Tang Boon Lee, a Director who retires in accordance with Article 106 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for reelection.

Ordinary Resolution 3

5. To approve the payment of Directors' fees of not exceeding RM250,000 for the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

Ordinary Resolution 4

6. To approve the payment of Directors' benefits of not exceeding RM50,000 for the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

Ordinary
Resolution 5
Please refer to Note 9

7. To re-appoint Messrs. Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT as Auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

Ordinary Resolution 6

Special Business

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without any modifications the following resolutions:-

8. AUTHORITY TO ALLOT AND ISSUE NEW SHARES

"THAT, subject to the approvals of the regulatory authorities, the Board of Directors of the Company be hereby authorised pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016, to allot and issue shares in the Company at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company.

Ordinary
Resolution 7
Please refer to Note 10

AND THAT any Executive Director and/or Secretary of the Company be hereby authorised to obtain the approval from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the listing and quotation of the additional shares to be issued and to do all such acts and things necessary to give full effect to such transactions as authorised by this resolution."

AND THAT, such authority shall commence immediately upon the passing of this resolution and continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company."

9. PROPOSED CONTINUATION OF MR. ONG ENG CHOON IN OFFICE AS INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

"THAT authority be and is hereby given to Mr. Ong Eng Choon who had served as an Independent Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 12

Ordinary Resolution 8 Please refer to Note 11 years to continue to act as an Independent Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM or by 30 May 2023 whenever is earlier."

10. PROPOSED CONTINUATION OF MR. NG THIM FOOK IN OFFICE AS INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Ordinary
Resolution 9
Please refer to Note 11

"THAT authority be and is hereby given to Mr. Ng Thim Fook who had served as an Independent Director of the Company for a cumulative term of more than 12 years to continue to act as an Independent Director of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM or by 30 May 2023 whenever is earlier."

 To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Company's Constitution and the Companies Act, 2016.

By Order of the Board,

LEE PENG LOON (MACS 01258) SSM PC NO. 201908002340

P'NG CHIEW KEEM (MAICSA 7026443) SSM PC NO. 201908002334 Company Secretaries

Penang

Date: 29 April 2022

NOTES ON APPOINTMENT OF PROXY

- (1) A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company.
- (2) A member shall be entitled to appoint up to a maximum of two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
- (3) Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares of the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies it may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds. An Exempt Authorised Nominee refers to an authorised nominee defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 ("SICDA") which is exempted from compliance with the provision of subsection 25A(1) of SICDA.
- (4) Where a member is authorised nominee as defined under SICDA, it may appoint at least one proxy but not more than 2 proxies in respect of each securities account it holds which is credited with the shares of the Company. The appointment of 2 proxies in respect of a particular securities account shall be invalid unless the authorised nominee specifies the proportion of its shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- (5) For a proxy to be valid, the proxy form duly completed must be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Wisma Public Packages, Plot 67 Lintang Kampong Jawa, Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, 11900 Bayan Lepas, Penang not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or any adjournment thereof, or in the case of a poll not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll. Any completed proxy form transmitted by facsimile or electronic mail to the registered office of the Company will not be accepted.
- (6) In the case of a corporate member, the proxy form must be executed under the corporation's common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in which, it must be supported by a certified true copy of the relevant form or resolution appointing the officer or certified true copy of the power of attorney.
- (7) For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend the 35th AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn. Bhd. to issue a General Meeting Record of Depositors as at 18th May 2022. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 18th May 2022 shall be entitled to attend the 35th AGM or to appoint proxies to attend and/or vote on his/her behalf.

NOTES ON ORDINARY BUSINESS

- (8) The Agenda 1 is meant for discussion only as the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2016 does not require the shareholders' approval for the Audited Financial Statements. Hence, the Agenda 1 is not put forward for voting.
- (9) The Resolution 5, if passed, will enable the Company to pay meeting allowances and other benefits to Non-Executive Directors of the Company in accordance with Section 230(1) of the Companies Act 2016.

NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS

(10) The Resolution 7, if passed, will enable the Directors to allot and issue shares in the Company up to an amount not exceeding 10% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being for such purposes as the Directors consider will be in the best interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting will expire at the conclusion of the next AGM.

The proposed renewal of general mandate for issuance of shares will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to placing of shares for the purpose of funding future investment, working capital and/or acquisition.

As at the date of this notice, the Directors have not issued any shares pursuant to the general mandate granted at the last AGM of the Company.

(11) The Resolutions 8 and 9, are to seek shareholders' approval through a two tier voting process and, if passed, will enable Mr. Ng Thim Fook and Mr. Ong Eng Choon, the Independent Directors of the Company who had served more than 12 years to be retained and continued to act as Independent Directors of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or by 30 May 2023, whichever is earlier. The Nominating Committee had assessed the independence of Mr. Ng Thim Fook and Mr. Ong Eng Choon and was satisfied that they had demonstrated complete independence in character and judgement. The Board having considered the recommendation of the Nominating Committee proposed that Mr. Ng Thim Fook and Mr. Ong Eng Choon be remained as Independent Directors of the Company until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or by 30 May 2023, whichever is the earlier.

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 8.27(2) OF MAIN MARKET LISTING REQUIREMENTS OF BURSA SECURITIES)

- 1) No individuals are standing for election as Directors at the forthcoming 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company.
- 2) The profiles of the Directors who are standing for re-election as in Agenda 2, 3 and 4 of the Notice of the 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company are set out in the Directors' Information section of the Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 issued on 29 April 2022 ("Annual Report 2021").
- 3) The details of the Directors' interests in the securities of the Company as at 29th April 2022 are set out in the Analysis of Shareholdings section of the Annual Report 2021.
- 4) The Resolution 7 tabled under Special Business as per the Notice of 35th Annual General Meeting of the Company dated 29 April 2022 is a renewal of general mandate granted by shareholders of the Company at the last Annual General Meeting held on 22 September 2021.

The proposed renewal of general mandate for issuance of shares will provide flexibility to the Company for any possible fund raising activities, including but not limited to further placing of shares for the purpose of funding future investment, working capital and/or acquisition.

As at the date of notice of meeting, the Directors have not issued any shares pursuant to the general mandate granted at the last Annual General Meeting of the Company.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Koay Chiew Poh

Executive Chairman

Koay Chiew Kang Executive Director

Koay Teng Liang Executive Director

Koay Teng Kheong Executive Director

Nurjannah Binti Ali Executive Director

Ng Thim Fook

Independent Non-Executive Director

Ong Eng Choon

Independent Non-Executive Director

Tang Boon Lee (appointed on 29.11.2021) Independent Non-Executive Director

Koay Chue Beng

Alternate Director to Koay Chiew Poh

SECRETARIES Lee Peng Loon (MACS 01258)

P'ng Chiew Keem (MAICSA 7026443)

AUDIT AND RISK

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Ng Thim Fook (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Chairman

Ong Eng Choon (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

Tang Boon Lee (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

NOMINATING COMMITTEE Ng Thim Fook (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Chairman

Ong Eng Choon (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

Tang Boon Lee (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE: Ng Thim Fook (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Chairman

Ong Eng Choon (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

Tang Boon Lee (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Committee Member

Koay Chiew Poh (Executive Chairman)

Committee Member

SCHEME COMMITTEE : Koay Teng Liang (Executive Director)

Chairman

Koay Chiew Kang (Executive Director)

Committee Member

Koay Teng Kheong (Executive Director)

Committee Member

REGISTERED OFFICE AND

BUSINESS ADDRESS

Wisma Public Packages

Plot 67 Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate

11900 Bayan Lepas

Penang Malaysia

Tel No: 04-6444888 Fax No: 04-6436699

REGISTRAR: Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn. Bhd.

Unit 32-01 Level 32 Tower A Vertical Business Suite Avenue 3 Bangsar South No 8 Jalan Kerinchi 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Wilayah Persekutuan Malaysia

Tel No: 03-2783 9299 Fax No: 03-2783 9222

AUDITORS : Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT

Chartered Accountants

PRINCIPAL BANKERS : Malayan Banking Berhad

AmBank (M) Berhad

Al Rajhi Banking & Investment Corporation

(Malaysia) Berhad RHB Bank Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING : Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Name: PPHB Stock Code: 8273

WEBSITE : http://www.pph.com.my

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present you the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of PPHB for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

OVERVIEW OF GROUP'S HISTORY AND BUSINESS

PPHB is an investment holding company while the Group (PPHB and its subsidiaries) is primarily focused on the production and sale of paper packaging products. Established in 1976, PPHB is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad in 1991. Over the years, the Group has transformed into a total packaging solutions provider with a focus on branding, designing and packaging. Customised packaging solutions and a full range of supply chain management service are provided to better cater for customers' needs.

The Group's operations are divided into five (5) key divisions: -

- Carton
- Offset Printing
- Paper Products
- Hotel Management
- Property Investments

Today, the Group has expanded to seven (7) manufacturing plants at Nibong Tebal, Kulim, Prai, Bayan Lepas and Shah Alam, supported by two (2) sales offices in Kuala Lumpur and Singapore. All locations are strategically selected to serve our customers of different locations.

The Group is also involved in the operation and management of the Prestige Hotel, which is located at 8 Gat Lebuh Gereja, 10300 Penang, in the heart of the Georgetown UNESCO world heritage site.

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL REVIEW

The table below highlights the Group's financial performance for the financial year ended ("FYE") 31 December.

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Revenue (RM'000)	196,808	190,276	203,877	198,257	177,704
Gross Profit (RM'000)	61,289	59,897	63,889	58,084	54,103
Share of Results of Joint Venture (RM'000)	2,165	7,646	1,206	1,210	439
Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation					
and Amortisation (EBITDA) (RM'000)	42,714	48,456	40,344	32,945	30,763
Profit Before Tax (RM'000)	31,225	35,981	29,534	24,508	20,729
Profit After Tax (RM'000)	23,672	27,123	23,632	19,008	15,525
Net Cash From Operating Activities (RM'000)	35,402	41,246	30,503	25,062	21,761
Total Assets (RM'000)	363,270	339,828	320,898	313,902	291,202
Borrowings (RM'000)	21,434	30,252	42,496	54,114	51,891
Earnings Per Share (Sen)	12.55	14.38	12.53	10.08	8.23
Gearing Ratio	0.07	0.11	0.17	0.24	0.26

REVENUE

PPHB continued to deliver steady operating revenue despite Covid-19 pandemic. The Group registered a revenue of RM196.8 million, representing an increase of RM6.5 million or 3.43% as compared to FYE 2020.

Manufacturing division remains as the main revenue contributor of the Group. It contributed RM190.4 million to the Group's total revenue for FYE 2021, representing an increase of 4.28% as compared to RM182.6 million in the previous financial year. The higher revenue contribution was mainly due to strong demand from customers and price increase activities.

The Covid-19 pandemic continued to affect hotel operation. The lockdowns and inter-state border restrictions implemented by the Malaysian Government in the past year had resulted in disruption to our hotel operation. The total revenue of Prestige Hotel for FYE 2021 was only RM5.56 million, representing a decrease of 19.82% as compared to RM7 million in FYE 2020.

PROFITABILITY

The overall gross margin of the Group was slightly lower as compared to FYE 2020, reducing from 31.48% in the previous year to 31.14% in this year. The lower gross margin was mainly due to higher material costs and operating costs.

Profit before tax in respect of FYE 2021 fell from RM36.0 million to RM31.2 million, representing a decrease of 13.22% or RM4.8 million as compared to FYE 2020. The lower profit before tax was mainly due to lower fair value gain on investment properties that arises from the investment property of the Group's joint venture company, New Merit Development Sdn. Bhd.

Earnings per share during FYE 2020 is 12.55 cents (2020: 14.38).

CASH FLOWS AND LIQUIDITY

PPHB continued to record a strong financial position, with cash and cash equivalents of RM73.5 million (2020: RM78.5 million). With that, the Group is in a healthy net cash position with its net cash per share at RM0.39 (2020: RM0.42).

The Group continued to record strong net cash flow from its operating activities, at RM35.4 million during the financial year under review. The net cash was used for capital expenditure and to pare down long-term and short-term borrowings.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the financial under review, the Company increased its paid-up capital from RM94.4 million to RM94.8 million through allotment of 292,500 new ordinary shares as follows: -

- a. The issuance of 33,000 and 48,000 new ordinary shares at price of RM0.785 and RM0.750 respectively, pursuant to exercise of options under the Group's Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS"); and
- b. The issuance of 211,500 new shares pursuant to the Group's Employees' Share Grant Scheme ("ESGS").

GEARING RATIO

The Group's total short term and long-term borrowings reduced from RM30.3 million in the previous year to RM21.4 million as at end of FYE 2021. The decrease was mainly due to repayment of long-term and short-term borrowings with the higher net cash generated from operations.

As a result, our gearing ratio has been reduced to only 0.07 (2020: 0.11) during the financial year.

GROUP DEVELOPMENT

CAPITAL INVESTMENT

During the financial year under review, a total capital expenditure of RM8.0 million was incurred by the Group, of which RM6.8 million was used for the upgrading of production facilities. The Group views that the upgrading of our facilities is essential to keep abreast with the changing technology and to better serve our customer's needs. The new investment also aims to automate the existing production processes and systems which in turn will help to reduce Group's reliance on labour for its production.

TECHNOLOGY ENHANCEMENT

The Group remains focus on investment in technology infrastructure. The Group has accelerated the investment in IT software and hardware. Out-dated software had been identified and are being upgraded in stages. In addition, employees were equipped with the latest IT equipment that are necessary for working from home arrangement.

To comply with Standard Operation Procedure ("SOP") in a wake of Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has also subscribed for Microsoft Teams, an online meeting software that facilitates remote meetings by bringing the team together and providing an avenue for discussion. With this facility, communication within the Group and with external parties remains active and productive.

The Group has continued its effort and investment in digitalisation initiatives to lessen the reliance on manual processes. These initiatives enable the Group to automate workflow processes which will reduce the possibility of human error, improve Management's accessibility to information and enable easier integration of business systems thereby enhancing efficiency and effectiveness of the Group's core business processes. Digitalisation and automation of systems and processes are implemented across all operations in stages, after successful trial run and proven with positive results.

FULLY VIRTUAL ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ("AGM")

PPHB had leveraged on technology by conducting the 35th AGM on a fully virtual basis in accordance with the Guidance on Virtual Meeting of Listed Issuer issued by Securities Commission ("SC"). Board members, company secretary and external auditors were present virtually. A total of 76 shareholders and proxies attended the AGM.

The shareholders were invited to submit their questions pertaining to business outlook, the Group's financial statements and other matters via query box facility. The questions submitted by the shareholders were shared and corresponding replies were also read out during the meeting. The Key Matters Discussed during the AGM were also made available at the Company's website, www.pph.com.my.

MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ("MCCG")

The Group has taken cognisance of the changes introduced in the MCCG that were announced on 29 April 2022. The Group has started working on its compliance with the changes. The details are provided in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement in this report.

DIVIDEND

Full economy recovery in the country remains uncertain due to the on-going Covid-19 pandemic. The impact of the pandemic remains intense, amongst others, the increase in the number of infected cases in factories, disruption in supply chain and shortage of labour. In this regard, the Group is of the view that it is important to conserve funds for its future development and to curb uncertainty in business environment. Hence, no dividend was declared in respect of FYE 2021.

MARKET REVIEW AND 2022 OUTLOOK

Renewed surge in Covid-19 cases and new variants of the virus have raised concern for the economy outlook in year 2022. The Group continues to feel the impact of Covid-19 pandemic despite the government's effort to accelerate the vaccine rollout. As such, the Group expects 2022 to be another challenging year as competition remains intense.

Given the uncertainties and challenges ahead, the Group will continue to focus on its core business and is committed to continue its efforts in improving its competitiveness by implementing various strategies such as enhancement in production efficiency, automation of production processes and procurement optimisation. The Group will continuously tap into new opportunities available in the market, broaden its product range and stay relevant with our customer's demand.

Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Group's prospect remains positive despite challenging and the Group strives to achieve satisfactory performance for the year ahead.

DIRECTORS' INFORMATION

Koay Chiew Poh, a Malaysian, age 70, is the founder of Public Packages Holdings Berhad ("PPHB") and was appointed to the Board on 16 March 1991 as Executive Chairman of the Company. He is a member of the Remuneration Committee. He is an entrepreneur with more than 30 years' experience in the packaging and printing industry. He served as a Sales Manager for Pan Asian Paper Product Manufacturing Sdn Bhd before he joined Federal Packages Sdn Bhd. He holds directorships in several of PPHB's subsidiaries.

He is the brother of Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng, the father of Mr. Koay Teng Liang and Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Koay Chiew Kang, a Malaysian, age 64, was appointed to the Board on 14 March 2012 as Executive Director. He graduated from Universiti Sains Malaysia with BSC. HBP (Hons). He has also attended the Owner/President Programme at Harvard Business School, Boston. He is a member of the Scheme Committee. He has been working with the Group as Manager in various departments, namely Administration, Production and Operation since the year 1985. Due to his extensive knowledge and experiences, he has been promoted to General Manager in year 1995. He also holds directorships in several of PPHB's subsidiaries.

He is the brother of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, Mr. Koay Chue Beng, the uncle of Mr. Koay Teng Liang and Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Koay Chue Beng, a Malaysian, age 61, was re-designated as Alternate Director to Mr. Koay Chiew Poh on 25 March 2011. Prior to this, he was the Executive Director of the Company since 9 February 2002. He had served as senior management in several private limited companies and has extensive experience in sales and marketing, new market development, distribution, planning and control. He is also actively involved in community services. He holds directorships in several of PPHB's subsidiaries.

He is the brother of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, the uncle of Mr. Koay Teng Liang and Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Koay Teng Liang, a Malaysian, age 45, was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director on 30 January 2009. Prior to the appointment, he was the Alternate Director to Mr. Koay Chiew Lee from 17 November 2003 until 23 January 2009. He is the Chairman of the Scheme Committee. He graduated from University of Melbourne, Australia with a Bachelor in Commerce (Hons) and Bachelor in International Business from Flinders University, Australia. He has also attended the Owner/President Programme at Harvard Business School, Boston. Prior to joining the Company, he was attached with Teckwah Industrial Corporation Limited, Singapore as a Program Executive. He holds directorships in several of PPHB's subsidiaries.

He is the son of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, nephew of Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng and brother of Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Koay Teng Kheong, a Malaysian, age 41, was appointed to the Board as an Executive Director on 25 March 2011. He is a member of the Scheme Committee. He graduated from Monash University, Australia with a Masters in Management and Bachelor in Information Systems from University of Melbourne, Australia. He holds directorships in Public Packages Asia (S) Pte Ltd., a 100% owned indirect subsidiary of PPHB prior to this appointment and has actively participated and contributed towards the Group's revenue and management.

He is the son of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, nephew of Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng and brother of Mr. Koay Teng Liang who are members of the Board. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Nurjannah Binti Ali, a Malaysian, age 63, was re-designated as Executive Director on 29 November 2021. Prior to this, she was the Independent Non-Executive Director ("INED") of the Company since 5 February 1999. With an accounting background, Nurjannah has more than 15 years' experience in finance and business. She is also a Director of Asia File Corporation Berhad.

She has no family relationship with any directors and/or major shareholders of the Company. She has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

She had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Ng Thim Fook, a Malaysian, age 68, was appointed to the Board on 15 November 2002 as an INED. He is Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management, Nominating and Remuneration Committees. He is the Managing Director of NG Technology Pty Ltd and Express Tech Pty Ltd. He has been in IT business for the last 23 years.

He has no family relationship with any directors and/or major shareholders of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended all the 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Ong Eng Choon, a Malaysian, age 70, was re-designated as INED on 25 March 2011. Prior to this, he was the Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company since 23 January 2009. He is a member of the Audit and Risk Management, Nominating and Remuneration Committees. He graduated from Tunku Abdul Rahman College, Kuala Lumpur with a Diploma in Business Administration and has more than 30 years of working experience in the field of taxation. He spent 3 years with the Inland Revenue Department and 10 years with one of the top 4 accounting firms. He is currently the Executive Director of BDO Tax Services Sdn. Bhd. He is a Chartered Accountant (Malaysia), a Fellow Member of the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants, an Associate Member of the Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators and a Fellow Member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia (formerly known as Malaysian Institute of Taxation).

He has no family relationship with any directors and/or major shareholders of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended 5 Board meetings held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Mr. Tang Boon Lee, a Malaysian, age 46, was appointed to the Board on 29 November 2021 as an INED. He is a member of the Audit and Risk Management, Nominating and Remuneration Committees. He graduated with a Bachelor in Civil Engineering from University Technology Malaysia, Johor and Bachelor in Traditional Chinese Medicine from Yunnan Chinese Medical College, China. He has at least 15 years' experience as a project coordinator in construction and development in Buddhist Tzu Chi Merit Society Malaysia. He is currently acting as a Health and Naturopathy Consultant.

He has no family relationship with any directors and/or major shareholders of the Company. He has no conflict of interest with the Company and has not committed any offences within the past 10 years other than traffic offences, if any.

He had attended 1 Board meeting held in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Koay Chiew Kang

Executive Director/Group Managing Director

Age : 64 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

(Please refer to his profile as listed on Page 10 of the Annual Report.)

Koay Chiew Lee

Managing Director
Age : 60
Gender : Male
Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

- Diploma in Financial Accounting, Kolej Tunku Abdul Rahman
- Master of Business Administration, National University of Singapore

Working experience: -

- More than 35 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Joined the Group as Manager and has worked with the Group in various departments, including Administration, Production and Operation.
- Holds directorship in several subsidiaries of the Group.
- He is the brother of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng, and the uncle of Mr. Koay Teng Liang, Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board.

Appointment to current position: December 1997

Koay Teng Liang

Executive Director/Managing Director

Age : 45 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

(Please refer to his profile as listed on Page 10 of the Annual Report.)

Koay Teng Kheong

Executive Director/Managing Director

Age : 41 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

(Please refer to his profile as listed on Page 10 of the Annual Report.)

Gooi Chye Soon

Executive Director

Age : 59 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

■ Bachelor of Science (Hons), University of Malaya

Working experience: -

- More than 26 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Joined the Group as Production Manager and advanced to General Manager/Director, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: October 2016

Loo Weng Keen

General Manger/Director

Age : 52 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Master of Business Administration (UK), Anglia Ruskin University

Working experience: -

- More than 29 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Joined the business development division of the Group and advanced to General Manager, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: January 2017

Lau Chee Pong

General Manager

Age : 55 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia ("SPM")

Working experience: -

- More than 33 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Was working in a publishing company prior joining the Group.
- Joined the offset printing division of the Group in 1987 and advanced in the division prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: June 2011

Tan Peck Sian

General Manager

Age : 47 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Advanced Diploma BTEC National Printing Management, West Herts College (UK)

Working experience: -

- More than 23 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Was working in a printing company prior joining the Group.
- Joined the Group as Sales Executive and was promoted to General Manager of PPH Display Design Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of the Group, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: May 2008

Ooi Hun Keong

General Manager

Age : 45 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Certified Hotel Administrator, American Hotel & Lodging Educational Institute

Working experience: -

- More than 25 years' experience in the hospitality industry.
- Joined the hotel division of the Group in 2018 and lead the pre-opening of Prestige Hotel.

Appointment to current position: August 2018

Sonny Cheah Soo Chuan

Marketing Director

Age : 43 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Bachelor of Information System, University of Melbourne

Working experience: -

- More than 17 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Was working in the IT industry in Singapore prior joining the Group.
- Joined the Group as a Management Trainee and advanced in the business development division.
- Was promoted to Marketing Manager, prior promotion to current position.
- He is the nephew of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng, and the cousin of Mr. Koay Teng Liang, Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board.

Appointment to current position: June 2010

Kenny Cheah Soo Chye

General Manager, Business Development

Age : 41 Gender : Male Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Bachelor of Economics and Commerce, University of Melbourne

Working experience: -

- More than 15 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Joined the customer service division of the Group and moved to business development division.
- Was promoted to Senior Business Development Manager, prior promotion to current position.
- He is the nephew of Mr. Koay Chiew Poh, Mr. Koay Chiew Kang, Mr. Koay Chue Beng, and the cousin of Mr. Koay Teng Liang, Mr. Koay Teng Kheong who are members of the Board.

Appointment to current position: January 2017

Wong Lai Chuen

Operation Manager

Age : 55 Gender : Female Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Bachelor of Business Administration, University of Mount Union

Working experience: -

- More than 27 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Was working in the silk screen printing industry prior joining the Group.
- Joined the Group as Marketing Executive, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: April 2015

Che Puan Abdullah

Government General Affairs Manager

Age : 59 Gender : Female Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

Bachelor of Business Administration, University Utara Malaysia (UUM)

Working experience: -

- More than 31 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Joined the Group as Human Resource Executive, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: September 2008

Chiang Pei Se

Corporate Manager

Age : 45

Gender : Female

Nationality : Malaysian

Qualifications: -

- Bachelor of Accounting, University Utara Malaysia (UUM)
- Chartered Accountant, Malaysia Institute of Accountants

Working experience: -

- More than 15 years' experience in the packaging industry.
- Was working in the accounting firms prior joining the Group.
- Joined the Group as Group Accountant, prior promotion to current position.

Appointment to current position: April 2015

Notes: -

1. Family Relationship with Director and Shareholder

None of the Key Senior Management has any family relationship with any director and/or major shareholder of PPHB, other than indicated above.

2. Conflict of Interest

None of the Key Senior Management has any conflict of interest with PPHB.

3. Conviction of Offences

None of the Key Senior Management has been convicted of any offences (other than traffic offences), in the past 5 years and there are no public sanctions or penalties imposed by any regulatory bodies during the financial year.

STATEMENT OF SUSTAINABILITY

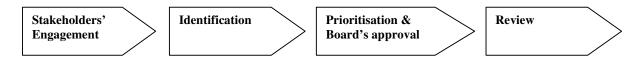
PPHB recognises the important of sustainability as a key driver for long-term sustainable business growth. As such, the Board persistently reinforces various sustainability approaches into business strategies and operations of the Group to maximise long-term value creation to our stakeholders. This statement focuses on the environment, social and governance ("ESG") performance of the Group in ensuring that its business is carried out in sustainable and responsible manner.

Aligning with the ESG approaches, the Group continues to engage all stakeholders in its daily operations, minimise environment impact that arising from daily operations and improve the social and economic conditions of its stakeholders that it operates in.

Sustainability Governance Structure

The Board is supported by Group Managing Director and assisted by Senior Management in managing sustainability-related matters. The team is responsible for advising on and recommending good business strategies, in terms of sustainability, for adoption by the Board. Thereafter, the team will implement and monitor the sustainability strategies approved by the Board and ensure regulatory compliance. The programs' details will be drawn up and presented to the Board on yearly basis.

Materiality assessment process



(a) Stakeholders' engagement

The Board recognises that stakeholders are the key to its continuous success and the sustainability of the business. As such, the Board believes that a deep understanding of the Group's stakeholders' interest and concerns will help in maintaining and enhancing its relationship, enhance stakeholders' expectation and achieve sustainable growth of the Group.

(b) Identification

In identifying the sustainability matters, the Board evaluate and assess their respective level of impact towards the Group's operations and the importance of the matters to the Group's key stakeholders. Various internal and external sources were used, including: -

- Internally generated data, management reports and risk management reports;
- Input from management and employees;
- Review of issues and trends reported by industry sources including peers, customers and suppliers; and
- Government policies.

(c) Prioritisation and Board's approval

The team will categorise and prioritise the key sustainable issues based on its assessment. The identified sustainability matters will be tabled for Board's approval.

(d) Review

The team will continue to review and assess sustainability matters to ensure that the reported matters remain relevant to the Group.

Stakeholder engagement

The Board is committed to continuously engage various stakeholders in timely, effective and transparent manner. Our approaches to the direct and indirect stakeholders of the Group are as summarised below: -

Stakeholder	Area of concern	Type of engagement	Our goal
Employee	 Fair compensation and 	- Circulation of updated employee	 To provide a safe and
	employee benefits	handbook	healthy workplace with
	 Equal employment 	- Competitive and fair	good welfare and equal
	 Career development 	remuneration packages	employment
	and training programs	- Annual performance appraisal	opportunities.
	 Safety and health of 	- Internal on-job trainings,	- To retain top performers
	working environment	awareness programs and external	and attract new talent.
	 Balanced lifestyle 	employee development trainings	
		- Meetings and gatherings	
		- Covid-19 prevention measures	

Stakeholder	Area of concern	Type of engagement	Our goal	
Investors/ Shareholders	Strong and sustainable financial performanceContinuous business growth	 Financial results Company announcements Annual reports Circulars AGM Corporate website 	- To provide reliable and up-to-date disclosures on PPHB's material information to maximise the shareholders relationship.	
Customers	 Customer satisfaction and pricing Product design Quality products On time delivery Business ethics 	 Customer's feedback form Regular communication with client To offer innovative product design and development In house product quality inspection Monitoring the production schedule via daily meeting 	 To enhance customer's loyalty and to build long-term sustainable relationship. Better quality and reliable products with affordable prices. 	
Supplier	 Cost efficiencies Quality products Maintaining long-term partnership Business ethics 	 Fair and transparent procurement process Inventory/supply commitment Delivery Payment schedule 	- To build lasting relationship with suppliers.	
Government	Regulatory complianceTransparency	 Participation with programs organised by government bodies Comply to applicable laws and regulations Meetings with regulators 	- To comply with all rules and regulations.	
Communities	 Environmental impacts Job opportunities Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") activities 	 Donations to charitable organisations Provide industrial training to graduates Scholarships Local employment and equal employment opportunities Organising CSR activities 	- To give back to the community.	

Material Sustainability Matters / Key Focus Areas

During the year, the Board has identified the following sustainability matters as being material to the Group: -

1. ECONOMIC

Product Quality

The Group believes that the delivery of high-quality products to its customers is important in building business growth. Our manufacturing processes are carried out in accordance with the principles and requirements of ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System ("QMS"). Audits and trainings on ISO 9001:2015 were carried out from time to time. The audits are to ensure consistency in practice and adherence throughout the manufacturing process as well as to assure the product quality.

Business ethics and compliance

The Group's supply chain practices are guided by its Code of Ethics and Conduct and Anti-Bribery and Corruption policy ("the Practices"). The Practices outline the principles on the conduct of business and interaction with business partners, government and community as well as the general workplace behaviour. The Group aims to conduct all of its business activities and operations in an open, honest and ethical manner and the Group adopts a zero-tolerance approach to all forms of bribery and corruption.

All new on-boarding employees will be briefed on the Practices as part of an induction process on their first working day. Training and awareness programs on the Practices will be conducted from time to time. Any changes on the Practices will be updated and circulated via intranet to all employees.

A whistle-blowing channel has also been established for Directors, employees and associated persons to report any improper conducts. Improper conducts may include fraud, criminal, misuse of confidential information and etc. The whistle-blower will be accorded with protection of confidentiality of identity, unless the law required otherwise.

There is no incidence of corruption, fraud or bribery reported for the financial year under review.

2. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group recognises its responsibility towards the environment and makes every effort to protect, preserve and minimise any adverse environmental impact of its operations.

Waste Management – 3R programme

The 3Rs initiative of Reduce, Reuse and Recycle is implemented throughout the organisation. In our operations, the waste produced were properly segregated, converted or recycled. Reputable and licensed waste collectors were engaged to handle the waste. The ISO14001:2015 Environment Management Systems obtained by the Group helps in managing its environment responsibilities in systematic manner. For office buildings, our employees are encouraged to switch off non-essential lightings and the practice of paper recycling is practiced at all times. The Group uses technology to distribute shared information via email and intranet, and packaging materials such as cardboard are also reused for document filling.

Energy Management

The Group is committed to reduce energy consumption. The Group believes that uncontrolled energy consumptions will lead to an increase in overall carbon emission. During the year, the following energy saving activities have been implemented:

- o Installed inverter at high amp machinery and equipment;
- o Installed LED lighting to conserve energy; and
- Replaced small fans with big fans.

The efficiency of energy consumptions will be monitored on a monthly basis.

Water Management

To maintain environment sustainability, the Group strives to improve its water management practices and reduce water wastage. During the year, the following measures to reduce water consumptions in the operations have been implemented: -

- To recycle water from water treatment plant; and
- o To harvest rain water for toilet use.

The efficiency of water consumptions will be monitored on a monthly basis.

Delivery Management

Delivery routes are planned to achieve logistic optimisation which indirectly minimises the carbon footprint and best use of the supply chain resources.

3. SOCIAL

Human Capital Management

Diversity and equal opportunities

The Group is committed to provide equal opportunities within the workplace and does not discriminate people against age, gender, ethnicity or nationality, apart from preference for locals over foreigners in its staff recruitment. In addition, the Group has also promoted the right to work of persons with disabilities and has provided them with employment opportunities. As at 31 December 2021, PPHB has total of 814 (2020: 897) employees across the Group and 32.56% (2020: 31.10%) of the workforce comprise female representation across all levels of management. Among the employees of the Group, a total of 24 (2020: 22) are disabled persons.

Fair remuneration packages

The Group has put in place an employee remuneration policy which is fair and substantive, and is linked between individual contribution and performance. The Group will conduct employee performance assessments on a yearly basis. Any promotion or increment in remuneration is based on merit assessment. This exercise is important to ensure that the Group remains competitive in attracting, motivating and retaining talent who is important to Group's sustained growth. Employees' contributions to the Group are measured against their respective key performance indicators. Employees with excellent performance are awarded with attractive cash rewards.

Training and development opportunities

The Group has put a great emphasis on ongoing training and upskilling of the workforce, which will give the employees greater understanding of their responsibilities within their role and enhance overall performance. Inhouse training in different areas are frequently organised to increase the competency of workers. Employees are also encouraged and sponsored to attend external seminars/webinars, workshops and exhibitions, to keep abreast of new developments in their respective field of expertise.

The total training hours during financial year under review is 1,459 hours (2020: 2,294 hours).

Employees' wellness program

The Group has also incorporated a wellness program in its corporate culture to encourage a healthy and balanced lifestyle. The Group arranges health screenings for selected employees on a yearly basis. A "Quit Smoking Programme" was introduced and provided to all the smokers in the Group. In addition, vegetarian lunch boxes are provided to selected operations in an effort to promote healthy eating habits.

Prioritising social compliance

The Group's practice is to adhere with labour standards and human rights guidelines and legislation. The Group prohibits the use of forced labour, human trafficking and any form of child labour in its business activities. In addition, the Group strives to maintain the workplace free from any harassment and violence.

Occupational Safety and Healthy Environment

The Group strives to provide a safe and healthy working environment for all employees. In this respect, the Group has put utmost importance on compliance with all relevant safety and health laws and regulations. Various strategies have been developed to minimise the number of workplace accidents, which include: -

- o To place handling manual at workplace;
- o To place safety measures, safety signboards at workplace;
- o To promote 5S (Sort, Set in order, Shine, Standardise and Sustain) at workplace;
- o To provide safety and health education and trainings, such as fire drills and evacuations exercise;
- o To ensure functionalities of fire preventive equipment and system; and
- o Regular inspection on machines.

Safety and health audits had been carried out by Head of Internal Audit to ensure compliance of safety and health laws and regulations.

Covid-19 Preventive Measurement

As a response to the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group had undertaken various preventive measures in accordance with the guidelines and SOP which are mandated by the government. The preventive measures in mitigating the risks of the exposure to the pandemic include: -

- o Registering names and mobile number through MySejahtera;
- o Body temperature screening;
- o Making sure all people wearing a mask at all time before entering to premises;
- Providing hand sanitisers;
- o Social distancing of one (1) meter;
- o Staggered lunch times; and
- Working from home arrangement.

Charitable event

The Group continues its support to a wide range of charities. During the year, the Group has made donations to charitable organisations, including the Buddhist Tzu Chi Merit Society Malaysia.

4. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group has adopted the principles and practices as stipulated the MCCG 2021. The details discussion on principles and practices are set out on page 20 to 27 of this annual report.

Conclusion

The Board will review and assess the sustainability performance of the Group's operations on an on-going basis to improve and enhance existing practices, as well as to enable the sustainable creation and preservation of long-term value to the Group's stakeholders.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Board recognises the importance of adopting and maintaining high standards of corporate governance and is fully committed to conducting the Group's affairs in a transparent and objective manner, with full accountability and integrity. The Board strives to safeguard shareholders' investments and stakeholders' interests, thereby enhancing their values. This Corporate Governance Statement pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("MMLR") outlines the Group's corporate governance practices and aims to provide vital insights to the shareholders, potential investors and stakeholders. The full CG Report 2021 is available on the Company's website, www.pph.com.my.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

1. BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is fully responsible for the overall governance and performance of the Group in accordance with Group's objective. The Board's role is to lead and control the Group's business and affairs on behalf of shareholders. The Board takes into consideration the interests of all stakeholders in their decision making so as to ensure the Group's objective of creating long term shareholder value is met. The Board assumes the following key responsibilities, among others: -

- a. Develop and evaluate the Group' succession planning and talent management plans;
- b. Review, approve and monitor implementation of the strategies and business plans of the Group that supports long-term value creation by incorporating sustainability environment, social and governance ("ESG") elements;
- c. Monitor and evaluate performance of the Group's business operations and evaluate the adequacy and integrity of the Group's financial and non-financial reporting;
- d. Oversee conduct of the Group's business, ensuring that affairs are carried out ethically and in full compliance with relevant laws and regulations:
- e. Identify principal risks and ensure execution of appropriate Risk Management and Internal Control procedures;
- f. Ensure that Senior Management has the necessary skills and experience, and that there are measures in place to provide for orderly succession of the Board; and
- g. Supervise the implementation of shareholders' communication policy.

The Group's succession planning is set out as below: -

- a. Developing a recruitment and communication strategy;
- b. Identifying expected critical position vacancies;
- c. Determining critical position;
- d. Identifying current and future competencies;
- e. Identifying gaps in current employees' competency levels;
- f. Developing individual development plans for employees;
- g. Developing and implementing coaching and mentoring programmes; and
- h. Assisting with leadership transition and development.

The Board delegates the authority and responsibility of managing day-to-day operations of the Group to the Management Team led by the Executive Chairman. The Management Team is also responsible for implementation of business plans and strategies, policies and decisions approved by the Board and communication of matters to the Board.

Executive Chairman

The Executive Chairman acts as a spokesperson for the Board and represents the Group to the shareholders. He is responsible for the overall strategic direction of the Group and takes a leading role in creating an effective corporate governance system, setting the tone at the top of practising and promoting ethical practices, good governance, as well as legal and regulatory compliances. He is also responsible for managing the boardroom dynamics, promoting a culture of openness and debate to build a high-performance board and effectuate robust decision making.

Executive Directors

The Executive Chairman is supported by the four (4) Executive Directors in day-to-day management of the Group. The Executive Directors form part of the Senior Management team and have an overall responsibility over the business operations, organisational effectiveness and efficiencies, formulation of strategies and implementation of Board policies and decisions. They are also responsible for fostering relationships with regulators and stakeholders. In light of their technical expertise and knowledge of the business and its industry, they add value to the Board's decision-making process by offering an intimate view of the workings within the Group as well as the strategic plan in action.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors are independent of management and free from any business or other relationships that could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement, enabling their contribution towards corporate accountability. They take into account interest of the Group, shareholders, stakeholders and the communities

in which the Group conducts its business, providing their unbiased and impartial views, advice and judgement. It is also their responsibility to ensure financial information announced are accurate and that the Risk Management and Internal Control systems are robust and defensible. Furthermore, the INEDs play a key role in the evaluation and review of the Board's performance and remuneration.

The Board had established several Board Committees whose compositions and Terms of Reference are in accordance with MMLR and the best practices prescribed by MCCG. The Board Committees are as below: -

- Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC");
- Nominating Committee ("NC"); Remuneration Committee ("RC"); and
- Scheme Committee ("SC").

Matters Reserved for The Board

The Board Charter further defines matters that are reserved for the Board's deliberations and decision making. These matters require approvals from the Board, except where they are expressly delegated by the Board to the Management. The reserved matters include: -

- Approval of financial results announcements, Annual Report and financial statements;
- b. Matters covered by statutory requirements, Best Practice Guide and Corporate Governance;
- Annual review on the remuneration package for the Board;
- Revision of Board Remuneration Policy;
- Develop and evaluate the Group's succession planning and talent management plans;
- Monitor and evaluate performance of the Group's business operations and activities;
- Oversee conduct of the Group's business, ensuring that affairs are carried out ethically and in full compliance with relevant laws and regulations;
- Dividend policy;
- Supervise the implementation of shareholders' communication policy; and
- Matters that may have material impacts on the system of internal controls; or significantly exposes the Company and the Group to financial or operating risks.

These reserved matters are reviewed at least once a year.

Supply of Information

Members of the Board are supplied with unrestricted and timely information to enable effective discharge of their duties and responsibilities.

To facilitate the Directors' time planning, the Board meetings as well as Board Committee meetings are scheduled and circulated to them before the beginning of every year. Special Board meetings may be convened to consider urgent proposals or matters that require expeditious decisions or deliberation by the Board. Relevant agendas and board papers containing management and financial information are distributed at least five (5) business days in advance of each Board meeting for their perusal and consideration, to enable active participation during meetings and to facilitate informed decision making. Furthermore, all Directors are regularly updated on the statutory and regulatory requirements relating to their duties and responsibilities.

The Directors have individual and independent access to the advice and dedicated support services of the Joint Company Secretaries in ensuring effective functioning of the Board. The Board may interact directly with the Management Team on issues under their respective purview. In addition, the Board may consult external experts for their independent and professional opinion in furtherance of its duties, at the Group's expense.

Company Secretaries

The Joint Company Secretaries assume key advisory roles to the Board on matters in relation to statutory and regulatory compliances, best corporate governance practices, Board's policies and procedures, as well as Directors' duties and responsibilities. The Board is satisfied with the performances and competencies demonstrated.

During the financial year, the Joint Company Secretaries have performed, among others, the following tasks: -

- Served notices on close period to the Directors notifying them of the close periods for trading of shares, pursuant to MMLR:
- Attended all Board meetings and ensured meetings are properly convened; h
- Ensured accurate recording of minutes of proceedings and proper maintenance of secretarial records; C.
- Supported the Board in ensuring adherence to Board policies and procedures; and
- Facilitated the provision of information as requested by the Directors.

Time Commitment

Directors are expected to devote sufficient time and effort to carry out their responsibilities. The Board will seek commitment from Directors at the time of appointment. Directors are advised to notify the Chairman or the Board before accepting new directorship.

During the financial year, the Board is satisfied with the level of time commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as Directors of the Group. The table on the next page sets out number of Board meetings held and attendance record of the Directors during the financial year 2021. The Alternate Directors will replace those Directors who were unable to attend the Board meetings.

Name of Director	Attendance
Mr. Koay Chiew Poh	5/5
Mr. Koay Chiew Kang	5/5
Mr. Koay Teng Liang	5/5
Mr. Koay Teng Kheong	5/5
Puan Nurjannah Binti Ali	5/5
Mr. Ng Thim Fook	5/5
Mr. Ong Eng Choon	5/5
Mr. Tang Boon Lee	1/5
(appointed on 29 November 2021)	

None of the Board members serve more than five (5) listed companies.

Training

The Board acknowledges the importance of continuous education and training in discharging its duties effectively. The Board on a continuous basis evaluates and determines the training needs of its Directors. The Board members are encouraged to attend forum, seminars, trade fairs (locally and internationally) and industry conferences which enables themselves gaining insights on new developments in the business environment. Field trips to company operations by the Directors and meetings with Senior Management are arranged to gain actual knowledge of staff, factory and department. All the Directors had attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") prescribed by Bursa Securities and had also completed and obtained the requisite Continuing Education Programme ("CEP") points accordingly.

Details of training attended by the Directors during the year are as follows: -

Director	Training attended
Mr. Koay Chiew Poh	- Webinar on Tzu Chi Entrepreneur Camp
Mr. Koay Chiew Kang	- Pemudah Forum in Conjunction with 15 th Anniversary Pemudah
Mr. Koay Teng Liang	- Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP): Your Covid-19 Business Recovery Tool to Boost Trade
Mr. Koay Teng Kheong	 Implementing Amendments in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance – Asia School of Business Business Strategy from Wharton: Competitive Advantage The Industry 4.0 Revolution: Driving the Future of Manufacturing with Cloud Entrepreneurship in Emerging Economies: Havard Fraud Risk Management Workshop for Directors of listed companies Comprehensive and Progressive Agreement for Trans-Pacific Partnership (CPTPP): Your Covid-19 Business Recovery Tool to Boost Trade
Puan Nurjannah Binti Ali	 Strategic Thinking - Figure Dynamic Training & Consultancy Sdn. Bhd. Navigating Tax Audit & Investigation - Grant Thornton Leadership Challenge - Figure Dynamic Training & Consultancy Sdn. Bhd. Recent Changes in MFRSs and the Common Pitfalls on the Application of MFRSs - Grant Thornton
Mr. Ng Thim Fook	 GEM Indonesia – InagriTech Webinar Asialink Business
Mr. Ong Eng Choon	 National Tax Conference 2021 Seminar Percukaian Kebangsaan 2021 BDO – Global Tax Conference 2021
Mr. Tang Boon Lee	- Mandatory Accreditation Programme (MAP) – ICDM Virtual Classroom

The training programmes and seminars attended by the Directors during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are, inter-alia, on areas relating to corporate governance, risk management and sustainability. The Directors will continue to undergo other relevant training programmes as appropriate to further enhance their professionalism and contribution to the Board.

Code of Ethics and Conduct

A Code of Ethics and Conduct with the objective of creating an ethical corporate climate had been adopted by the Group. It provides guidance on the standards of behaviours expected from the Directors, employees as well as any other persons who represents the Group in execution of their duties and functions. It also outlines the principles on the conduct of business and interaction with business partners, customers, government and community and general workplace behaviour. Apart from advising the Board and the employees on the manner in which they should act when making decisions and carrying out their daily work activities, the Code of Ethics and Conduct also provides guidance on maintaining confidentiality and disclosure of information, disclosure of conflict of interest, internal control and anticompetition practices as well as the duty to protect the Group's assets. In formulation of the Group's Code of Ethics and Conduct, reference has been made to the Code of Ethics for Directors, highlighting principles in relation to transparency, integrity, accountability and corporate social responsibility.

A copy of the Code of Ethics and Conduct is published on the Group's website. The code is subject to regular review. All employees are required to read, understand and abide by the Code of Ethics and Conduct.

Whistle-blowing policy

The Board has established and adopted a Whistle-blowing Policy. The purpose of the policy is to provide an avenue for Directors, employees and any external parties to raise their concerns on improper conduct and malpractice.

Any person who knows of or suspects a violation of the Code of Ethics and Conduct is encouraged to lodge report with the Managing Director of the Group or email to dedicated whistleblowing email address, b_m@pph.com.my. The violation may include fraud, criminal, misuse of confidential information and etc. The Group will treat all information received confidentially and protect the identity and interest of all whistle-blowers. There have been no reported incidents pertaining to whistle-blowing during the year.

Anti-Bribery and Corruption ("ABC") policy

The Group's ABC policy was prepared and approved by the Board on 22 February 2021. The policy is intended to provide Directors, employees and associated persons of the Group with information on how the Group combats bribery and corruptions in furtherance of Group's business dealings. Besides, the policy is to ensure that all relevant persons are aware of their obligation to disclose any corruptions, briberies, conflicts of interest or similar unethical acts that they may encounter, and to comply with this Policy to follow the highest standards of ethical conduct of business.

The policy should read in conjunction with the Code of Ethics and Conduct and Whistle-blowing policy of the Group.

Board Charter

The Board Charter delineates the Board's strategic intent and sets out key values and principles of the Group. It defines the roles, powers and responsibilities of the Board and its Directors. It acts as a source of reference and primary induction literature for prospective Board members, as well as assisting the Board in assessment of its collective performance and that of each individual Director.

The Board Charter is reviewed at least once a year, reflecting changes in regulations and best practices, and to update its relevance and effectiveness. A copy of the Board Charter can be accessed from the Group's website – www.pph.com.my.

2. BOARD COMPOSITION

Composition and Size of the Board

The Board comprises five (5) Executive Directors and three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors, in compliance with Paragraph 15.02 of the MMLR where at least one third (1/3) of the Board members must be Independent Directors. Members of the Board are of diverse backgrounds, specialisation, experience, character and age.

Tenure of Independent Directors

The MCCG stipulates that tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. However, this does not preclude the director from continuing to serve on the Board as an Independent Director, subject to strong justifications provided by the Board and approvals sought from shareholders.

If the Board intends to retain Independent Directors beyond nine (9) years, it should justify and seek for annual shareholders' approval through two-tier voting process. In this regard, rather than tenure of an Independent Director's service, the Board places greater emphasis on the Director's ability to exercise unbiased judgement and his contribution towards the effective functioning of the Board.

Mr. Ng Thim Fook and Mr. Ong Eng Choon have served as Independent Director for a tenure of nine (9) years. On 25 February 2022, the Nominating & Remuneration Committees have assessed and are satisfied that the Directors:

- a. Have fulfilled the criteria of independence as per definition set out under Chapter 1 of the MMLR;
- b. Have committed sufficient time and exercised due care during their tenure, actively participating in board meetings and discussions with appropriate professional scepticism;
- c. Are able to capitalise on their familiarity, insights and knowledge of the Group's operations and contribute positively towards deliberations and decision-makings of the Board without being subjected to undue influence;
- d. Have discharged their professional duties in good faith and in the best interest of the Group and shareholders;
- e. Have vigilantly safeguarded the interest of minority shareholders, as well as stakeholders of the Group; and
- f. Have the calibre, qualifications, experience and personal qualities to challenge management in an effective and constructive manner and possess sufficient confidence to stand up for an independent point of view.

The Board, therefore, recommends the retention of Mr. Ng Thim Fook and Mr. Ong Eng Choon as Independent Non-Executive Directors at the forthcoming 35th Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee of the Company has been established since 2002. The Committee Members are as follows:-

Mr. Ng Thim Fook

Mr. Ong Eng Choon

Mr. Tang Boon Lee

(appointed on 29 November 2021)

- Chairman Independent Non-Executive Director

- Member, Independent No-Executive Director

The Terms of Reference and roles of Nominating Committee are as set out below: -

- To review annually and recommend to the Board with regard to the tenure, desirable balance and composition
 of board membership and committees, including required mix of skills, experience and core competencies of
 the Board
- ii. To establish a set of quantitative and qualitative performance criteria to evaluate the performance of each member of the Board and review the performance of the members of the Board.
- iii. To consider, review, evaluate and recommend to the Board any new board appointment, whether of executive or non-executive position, to fill board vacancies as and when they arise. The Nominating Committee shall recommend to the Board candidates for directorship based on the following: -
 - Skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;
 - Professionalism;
 - Integrity; and
 - In the case of candidates for the position of Independent Non-Executive Directors, the Committee should also evaluate the candidates' ability to discharge such responsibilities/functions as expected from Independent Non-Executive Directors.
- iv. To review Board succession plan for Directors.
- v. To ensure that orientation and education programmes are provided to new members of the Board.
- vi. To review re-election and retirement by rotation of Directors at the AGM.

The process of selection and appointment of the Director is set as below: -

- a. Search
 - Identify the criteria that the prospective candidates should possess: age group, sex, qualifications, experience, personal attributes, skills and integrity.
 - Variety of approaches and sources will be used to identify the most suitable candidates, which include sourcing from a Directors' registry, recommendation of fellow Board members, business associate or trade organisation, open advertisement or use of independent search firms.
- b. Selection
 - After initial assessment of the CVs, a verification check is conducted through various contacts such bankers, business associates etc.
 - Formal interview of short-listed candidates to assess suitability and ensure that they are aware of
 expectations and level of commitment required.
- c. Nomination
 - Recommend to the Board the nomination of successful candidates.

d. Appointment

- Based on the recommendations by the Nominating Committee, the Board approves the appointment via resolution.
- Board to approve any other appointments to sub-committees, if appropriate.
- Issue letter of appointment setting out terms and conditions of appointment such as period of office, compensation and benefits, duties and responsibilities and termination.

The newly-appointed Directors will undergo the Group's onboarding programme. In addition, for first-time Director, he/she is required to attend the Mandatory Accreditation Programme ("MAP") designated for Directors of public listed issuers in Malaysia under the MMLR.

He/she will stand for election at the next AGM in accordance with the Constitution of the Company.

The Nominating Committee will also ensure that the procedures for appointment of new Directors are transparent, rigorous and that appointments are made on merit and against objective criteria for the purpose. The Committee does not rely solely on recommendations from existing directors, management or major shareholders in identifying candidates. In addition, the Committee will perform background checks on the individual's character and bankruptcy search prior to the appointment.

The Nominating Committee meets as and when required, and at least once a year. During the financial year under review, two (2) meetings were held, which were attended by all three (3) members.

On 29 November 2021, the Nominating Committee undertook the process for appointment of new INED, Mr. Tang Boon Lee, in view of re-designation of Puan Nurjannah Binti Ali as an Executive Director of the Group. On the same day, Mr. Ng Thim Fook was re-designated as a Non-Executive Chairman of Board of ARMC, NC and RC in place of Puan Nurjannah Binti Ali, who had voluntarily tendered her resignations as a chairman of Committees.

On 25 February 2022, The Nominating Committee undertook an evaluation process involving the Board, Board Committees and Director self and peer assessment. The criteria and procedures were as below: -

- a. The Nominating Committee conducted the Board Evaluation via questionnaires. The Committee assessed the effectiveness in terms of composition, conduct, accountability and responsibility of the Board and Board Committees in accordance with the Terms of Reference. The Directors' self and peer assessment is conducted to evaluate the mix of skills, experience and individual Director's ability to contribute to the development of Group and towards Board's effectiveness. The Committee also evaluates the independence of Independent Directors based on the criteria of "Independence" as prescribed by the MMLR.
- b. The evaluation process is led by Chairman of the Committee with the support from the Company Secretary. The Committee will review feedbacks gathered from the evaluation, identify areas for improvements to enhance effectiveness of the Board, and recommend actions to be taken.
- c. The Board Evaluation carried out was properly documented.

The Board is satisfied with the level commitment given by the Directors towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities. The assessment results, therefore, form a basis for Nominating Committee to recommend to the Board for re-appointment of Directors.

On the same day, the Board had also performed the following activities: -

- i. Identified the Directors who are due for re-election by rotation or re-appointment pursuant to the Company's Constitution;
- ii. Recommended the retention of Independent Directors who had served the Group for more than nine (9) years; and
- iii. Determined training needs of Directors.

The Board acknowledges recommendation of MCCG pertaining to the establishment of Boardroom gender diversity policy. As at date of this Annual Report, the Group does not adopt any formal gender diversity policy in the selection of new Board candidate and does not have specific policies on setting target for female candidates in the workforce. The evaluation of suitability of candidates as new Board member or as a member of workforce is still based on the candidates' competency, skills, character, time commitment, knowledge, experience and other qualities in meeting needs of the Group, regardless of gender. The Board currently has one (1) female Director, in compliance with paragraph 15.02(1)(b) of the MMLR.

Remuneration Committee

The members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows: -

Mr. Ng Thim Fook
- Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director
Mr. Ong Eng Choon
- Member, Independent Non-Executive Director
- Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Koay Chiew Poh - Member, Executive Chairman

The specific responsibility of the Remuneration Committee is to review the remuneration framework and package for the members of the Board and recommends the same to the Board for approval. The remuneration of directors is set at levels that would enable the Company to attract and retain Directors with relevant expertise and the experience necessary to manage the Group effectively. Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages. The remuneration package of the Executive Chairman is approved by the full Board on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

The current remuneration policy for Directors is as follows: -

- (a) Components of remuneration packages and link between the remuneration and business strategy as below: -
 - (i) Remuneration package of Executive Directors

The remuneration package of the Executive Directors consists of both fixed and performance-linked elements. The performance of Executive Directors is reviewed annually by taking into consideration: -

- 1. The remuneration package that supports the Group's objective and strategies;
- 2. Accountability and responsibility; and
- 3. Yearly performance.
- (ii) Fees for Non-Executive Directors

The fees of Directors, including Non-Executive Directors, are endorsed by the Board for approval by the shareholders of the Company at the AGM. All Non-Executive Directors are paid annual fixed director fees for serving as members of the Board. The Director fee reflects the experience, level of responsibilities and contribution, and the time spent in attending to the Group matters.

(b) Nature of commitments

In determining the appropriate level of remuneration for directors, the Board has taken into consideration the Company's performance in managing sustainability risks and opportunities.

The Remuneration Committee held its annual meeting on 25 February 2022 to review remuneration package of the Executive Directors and Senior Management. This is to ensure the remuneration packages offered are in line with the Group's policies and can attract or retain Directors who contribute to the success of the Group. During the meeting, the Committee had also reviewed the Independent Non-Executive Directors' remuneration packages, benefits and expenses to be incurred by them in the course of carrying out their duties. The proposed Director fees and benefits for the financial year 2022 will be tabled for shareholders' approval in the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

The aggregate remuneration of the Directors of the Group paid or payable by the Group for the financial year under review are as follows: -

	Fee RM'000	Salary RM'000	Bonus RM'000	Other Emolu- ments RM'000	EPF & SOCSO & EIS RM'000	Benefit in-kind RM'000	Total RM'000
Executive Director							
Koay Chiew Poh	-	60	-	1	12	10	83
Koay Chiew Kang	-	300	228	106	110	26	770
Koay Teng Liang	-	300	118	197	132	19	766
Koay Teng Kheong	-	192	168	129	102	27	618
Koay Chue Beng	-	220	168	127	83	26	624
Nurjannah Binti Ali	48	-	-	-	-	-	48
Non-Executive Director							
Ng Thim Fook	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ong Eng Choon	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
Tang Boon Lee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	78	1,072	682	560	439	108	2,939

The details of the aggregate remuneration (including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments) of the top (5) senior management staff in band of RM50,000 during the financial year are as below: -

Remuneration Range	Number of Senior Management
Between RM350,001 – RM400,000	2
Between RM400,001 – RM450,000	-
Between RM450,001 – RM500,000	2
Between RM500,001 – RM550,000	1

In view of competitive pressures in the labour market on retaining talent, the Board has opted not to disclose the remuneration of senior management on named basis as recommended by the MCCG. The Board believes that disclosure of the remuneration bands is sufficient to meet the objectives of the MCCG.

PRINCIPLE B: EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC")

The ARMC is tasked to oversight the role on effectiveness of Audit and Risk Management of the Group. Currently, the Committee consist of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors. They undertake its role and responsibilities as set out set out in pages 29 to 32 of this Annual Report.

Assessment of suitability and independence of External Auditors

Through the ARMC, the Board maintains a transparent and professional relationship with the Group's External Auditor, Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT. The External Auditors are invited to attend the ARMC meetings to discuss their audit plans, audit findings and statutory financial statements. The ARMC meets with the External Auditors at least twice a year without the presence of the Executive Directors, Senior Management Team or Internal Auditor to discuss management reports and management's response where the External Auditors are invited to raise any matter that required the Board's attention.

Great emphasis is placed on the objectivity, suitability and independence of the External Auditors. The ARMC has performed its annual assessment of the performance, technical competency and independence of the External Auditors and has obtained written assurance from the External Auditors confirming their independence throughout the conduct of the audit engagement for the financial year prior to recommending their re-appointment to the Board. Shareholder's approval will be sought at the forthcoming AGM.

Risk management and internal control

The Board acknowledges its responsibilities to maintain a sound internal control system including financial controls, operational and compliance controls as well as governance and risk management to safeguard of shareholders' investments, stakeholders' interests and the Group's assets. The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group are set out in pages 29 to 32 of this Annual Report.

PRINCIPAL C: INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Communication with stakeholders

The Board recognises the importance of a high quality, ongoing dialogue as it helps to build trusts and understanding, as well as providing better appreciation of the Group's objectives, quality of its management and challenges. Shareholders, prospective investors and stakeholders are kept abreast with the development of the Group through timely release of financial results, along with various announcements made to Bursa Securities. During the AGM, the Chairman delivered a brief presentation on the financial performance and activities of the Group throughout the year. Members of the Board are available to respond to any questions, shareholders may have. The External Auditors are also present to provide their professional and independent clarification on the issues and concerns raised by shareholders.

Conduct of general meetings

The AGM is the primary forum for dialogue and interaction with both institutional and individual shareholders. Members of the Board, the Senior Management team as well as the External Auditors are present to provide clarification to any questions that shareholders may have in relation to the business activities of the Group. It also provides an ideal opportunity for shareholders to communicate their expectations and concerns.

During the meeting, the Chairman will inform shareholders, proxies and corporate representatives on their rights to demand for a poll vote at the commencement of a general meeting. In line with the Group's Constitution, substantive resolutions are put to vote by poll and the outcome will be announced to Bursa Securities.

At the 34th AGM held on 22 September 2021, members of the Board, the Joint Company Secretaries and External Auditors have attended the meeting. All resolutions put to the meeting were unanimously approved.

Compliance Statement

This CG Overview Statement was approved by the Board on 5 April 2022 and the Board was of the view that the Group has substantially complied with principles and practices that set out in MCCG and the MMLR.

Additional Compliance Information

The following information is provided in compliance with Paragraph 9.25 of the MMLR.

1. Audit Fees and Non-Audit Fees

The amount of audit fees and non-audit fees receivable by the External Auditors of the Group during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are as below: -

Paid By	Audit fee (RM'000)	Non-Audit fee (RM'000)
Company	26	3
Group	169	10

2. Material Contracts involving Directors and Substantial Shareholders

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Directors and major shareholders' interests, whether still subsisting at the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2021 or entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

3. Utilisation of Proceeds Raised from Corporate Proposal

The Company did not undertake any corporate proposal during the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

4. Recurrent Related Party Transaction of A Revenue or Trading Nature

Other than related party transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business as disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements, there are no other significant recurrent related party transactions of a revenue or trading nature.

5. Employees' Share Scheme

At the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 29 August 2017, the Company's shareholders has approved the establishment of a Scheme, which comprises of an Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") and an Employee Share Grant Scheme ("ESGS"). The Scheme is administered by the Scheme Committee which was appointed by the Board, in accordance with the By-laws of the Scheme. The Scheme shall be in force for a period of five (5) years commencing from 6 October 2017, unless extended for another five (5) years.

The details of options of the Company granted under Share Scheme during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are as set out below: -

		Number of share options or ordinary shares				
Grant date	Exercise price	Balance as at 1 Jan 2021	Granted & Accepted	Exercised	Lapsed	Balance as at 31 December 2021
Pursuant to ESGS						
- 21 July 2021	RM0.785	-	39,500	(39,500)	-	-
- 26 October 2021	RM0.830	-	172,000	(172,000)	ı	-
Pursuant to ESOS						
- 21 July 2021	RM0.785	-	39,500	(33,000)	-	6,500
- 26 October 2021	RM0.750	-	48,000	(48,000)	-	-

STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the following statement on Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group which has been prepared pursuant to Paragraph 15.26(b) of the MMLR and guided by the "Statement on Risk Management Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers".

BOARD RESPONSIBILITY

The Board recognises the importance of effective Risk Management and Internal Control practices to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility to identify the principal risks within the Group, ensure implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks, as well as review the adequacy and integrity of the Group's system of Internal Control.

These systems are designed to manage the Group's risks within an acceptable level, rather than to eliminate risk of non-achievement of the Group's policies, goals and objectives. Therefore, these systems only provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance against material loss or against the Group's failure to achieve its objectives. For the purpose of these statements, joint ventures are not considered as part of the Group.

The ARMC was set up on 26 February 2018 to oversee and ensure the effective implementation of the Risk Management and Internal Control systems of the Group. The members of the ARMC are as follows: -

Mr. Ng Thim Fook

- Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ong Eng Choon

- Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Tang Boon Lee

- Member, Independent Non-Executive Director

(appointed on 29 November 2021)

Risk Management Team

The Group's Risk Management Team is responsible to oversee and execute the Group's Risk Management and Internal Control systems with the following objectives: -

- Ensuring uninterrupted delivery of goods and services in the event of disruptions;
- Safeguarding the Group's assets and reputation;
- Preserving the safety and health of employees;
- Ensuring that operations are not adversely affected by the environment;
- Ensuring compliance of regulatory requirements; and
- Promoting risk awareness and maintaining a risk-controlled culture.

The team, which is led by the Group Managing Director and assisted by the Senior Management, identifies and evaluates potential risks during periodical Internal Unit Meetings. Significant matters and relevant mitigation plans are then reported by the Group Managing Director to the ARMC and the Board in Board meetings during the financial year. Thereafter, mitigations plans are executed by Senior Management and monitored by the team.

Risk Management Framework

Risk Management is firmly embedded in the Group's management system as the Group believes that prudent Risk Management is vital for sustainability and enhancement of shareholders' value. To ensure alignment of activities with the Group's strategic objectives and compliance with regulatory requirements, the Group has implemented a Risk Management framework to identify, measure, assess and manage significant risks affecting the Group. This framework is reviewed periodically by the Board via ARMC to ensure its relevance and adequacy to managing risks, which continue to evolve along with changing business environment.

Risk Management Process

The Group's Risk Management process are categorised into four steps as follows: -



(a) Risk Identification

All potential events that could adversely impact the achievement of business objectives, including failure to capitalise on opportunities are identified. Informal management discussions are held by the Executive Directors with the Senior Management Team to identify potential business-related risk throughout the financial year. Updates and feedbacks are generally reported by Divisional and Departmental Head.

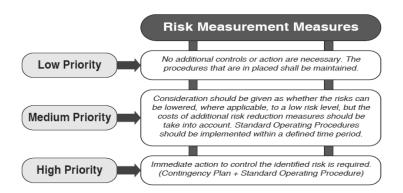
(b) Risk Evaluation and Categorisation

The identified risks are then evaluated to determine their impact on the relevant business strategies and objectives, and the likelihood of each risk. The Risk Matrix shown below is utilized to classify the impact and likelihood of each risk event ranging from "Low Priority to High Priority". This will assist the Group in optimal allocation of resources and preparation of the most appropriate responses to manage and mitigate identified risks.

		II	IMPACT (EFFECT)			
		IRREVERSIBLE	IRREVERSIBLE TOLERABLE NEGLIGIE			
QC	VERY LIKELY	HIGH PRIORITY	HIGH PRIORITY	MEDIUM PRIORITY		
LIKELIHOOD	LIKELY	HIGH PRIORITY	MEDIUM PRIORITY	LOW PRIORITY		
	UNLIKELY	MEDIUM PRIORITY	LOW PRIORITY	LOW PRIORITY		

(c) Risk Mitigation

Risk mitigation involves development of mitigation plans designed to manage, eliminate or reduce risk to an acceptable level. In this stage, risk owners with vast experience (usually Senior Managers of the Group) are responsible for identifying of action plans. Impact of risks can be categorized as Low, Medium or High Priority and appropriate responses are developed as outlined in the table below:-



(d) Risk Monitoring & Review

As part of the Risk Management process, frequent meetings are held between the Group Managing Director, Risk Management Team, Division Heads and Senior Managers. Identified risks and action plans are monitored, reviewed and revised on an on-going basis to ensure adequacy and effectiveness. The monitoring of risk is further enhanced by internal audits carried out in accordance with internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee.

Risk profiles

The team has carried out the robust assessment on the key risks facing by the Group, including those would threaten its business performance. With a sound of Risk Management System, the Group had put in place a proper mitigation plan to minimise the risks. The anticipated risks that are significant to the Group are as highlighted below.

Credit risk

It is part of the Group's practice to extend credit terms to its customers. To manage credit risks, customer evaluations are carried out before credit limits are determined. The evaluation will take into consideration factors such as the Group's relationship with its customers as well as their respective payment history and credit worthiness.

Periodic reviews on customer's collection performance are also carried out on weekly basis to minimise possibility of bad debts. Specific bad debts provision will be made once the debts are deemed uncollectable.

Commodity price risk

The price of paper, being our major raw material, has tremendous impact on the Group's production. It represents about 60% of our total production cost. Thus, fluctuations in paper commodity price, foreign currency and supply in paper materials, will definitely affect the profitability of the Group. To mitigate the challenges faced, the Group maintains close communication with suppliers and constantly monitors paper materials cost to ensure fast response to volatility. Besides, the Group will keep sufficient level of paper inventories to enable the Group to react to unforeseen challenges.

Covid-19 Pandemic risk

The on-going pandemic has created many operational challenges. In order to mitigate the risk, the Group adheres strictly to the SOP and the government's regulations to ensure the health and safety of the Group's employees and business associates. Various measures have been put in place, including 60% manpower restriction during MCO, biweekly Covid-19 tests, provision of hand sanitizers and mandatory body temperature checking at all plants prior to entering the premises and the arrangement for all employees to undergo the Covid-19 screening.

Labour risk

The Group's production depends heavily on labour. The on-going shortage of the local workforce has affected the Group and this has resulted in the employment of high number of foreign workers. In order to mitigate the risk, the Group has been continuously recruiting local employees as well as foreign workers from different countries. In addition, in order to reduce dependency on manual labour, the Group is prioritising automation towards improving productivity.

Foreign currency risk

The Group has exposure to foreign currency risk mainly due to sales and purchases via its subsidiary operating companies that are denominated in US Dollar ("USD") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"). The Group will continue to manage the risk exposures that arise from fluctuations in foreign currencies. In addition, the Group manages its foreign currencies through natural hedging mechanism, whereby proceed received from sales and payment of purchases in the same currency are encouraged.

Internal Control System

The Group's Internal Control system encompasses controls relating to financial, operational, risk management as well as compliance with laws, regulations, policies and guidelines. The effectiveness and integrity of these Internal Controls is overseen and periodically reviewed by the Board, while operationally monitored by Management at various organization levels. Through well-planned delegation of responsibilities, the Risk Management Team proactively identifies, analyses, mitigates and monitors significant business risks, ensuring that the risks are within tolerance limit established by the Board. Regular reviews are performed to ensure the Risk Management and Internal Control is adequate and remains effective.

The key elements of the Group's Internal Control system and activities are described as below: -

• Risk Management Process

Risk Management system is in place to assist the Board in assessing overall risks exposure of the Group and ensure appropriate implementation of systems to manage those risks. ARMC conducts periodical review of the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the Group's Risk Management framework and Internal Control to ensure appropriate implementation of systems to manage those risks.

Organisation Structure

A formal organisation structure is in place to define the function, reporting line and responsibility of Management staff. This organisation structure serves to facilitate quick response to changes in the evolving business environment, supervision of day to day business operations and accountability for operation performance.

• Financial Review Control

ARMC meets quarterly to review the quarterly financial reports and to ensure the financial reports are properly drawn up in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the Companies Act 2016 so as to give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position. These financial statements are presented to the Board for approval prior to being released to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

• Policies, Procedures and Limit of Authority

Standard operating procedures are established for operating units and departments within the units, illustrating detailed operating procedures and controls at all levels and in all functions. Activities such as approvals, authorizations, verifications, reconciliations, operating performance assessments, security of assets and segregation of duties are included.

The manuals are reviewed and updated on an on-going basis to ensure compliance with internal controls, directive, laws and regulations.

• Internal Audit

Periodic review of the Group's Internal Control system is executed by the Internal Audit Division, in accordance with the annual plan approved by the Audit Committee. The Head of Internal Audit examines, evaluates and reports the effectiveness and efficiency of the Group's internal control system. Findings and corrective measures are communicated to Division Heads and Senior Managers of the respective departments. Subsequently, audit findings, recommendations and management responses are reviewed by the Audit Committee during Audit Committee Meetings and directed to the Board for rectification.

• Compliance Audit

Yearly audits are carried out by Fides Certification (M) Sdn Bhd ("FIDES") in relation to the Quality Management System (ISO9001:2015) and Environment Management System (ISO14001:2015). These audits ensure compliance with international standards and conditions improvement of product and service quality as well as environmental performance.

• Human Resource Management Policy

Employment and termination procedures are established and annual performance appraisals are performed to confirm employees' competency. Furthermore, training and development programs are provided to enhance employees' knowledge, skills and abilities for effective and efficient job performance.

ABC Policy

The Group's ABC policy was established and enforced across the Group. The Group adopts zero-tolerance approach in combating all forms of briberies and corruptions. An employee or associated person, who encounters actual or suspected violations of the policy is encourage to whistle-blow or report any concern through appropriate channel under Group's whistle-blowing policy, which is made available at www.pph.com.my.

• Insurance and Safeguard of Assets

Group assets are insured to ensure protection against mishaps and other perils which might result in material losses. Annual reviews are performed by the Management during policy renewals to maintain sufficient coverage.

ASSURANCE PROVIDED BY THE AUDITOR

This statement has been reviewed by the External Auditors pursuant to Paragraph 15.23 of the MMLR and the scope set out in the Audit and Assurance Practice Guide 3 ("AAPG 3") issued by Malaysian Institute of Accountants for inclusion in the 2021 Annual Report. Based on their review, the External Auditors have reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention and they believe that this statement is consistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in assessing the adequacy and integrity of the Group's Risk Management and Internal Control.

CONCLUSION

In the Board meeting held on 5 April 2022, based on the briefing by the Group Managing Director, the ARMC and the Board are satisfied that the Risk Management and Internal Control of the Group is adequate and operating effectively, in all material aspects, during the financial year under review.

This statement was approved by the Board on 5 April 2022.

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

COMPOSITION AND ATTENDANCE

The details of attendances of each Audit Committee members at Audit Committee meetings held during year 2021 are as follows: -

NAME OF AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBER	ATTENDANCE AT AUDIT COMMITTEE MEETINGS
Mr. Ng Thim Fook	5/5
Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Ong Eng Choon	5/5
Member, Independent Non-Executive Director	
Puan Nurjannah Binti Ali (re-designated as Executive	5/5
Director on 29 November 2021)	
Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director	
Mr. Tang Boon Lee (appointed on 29 November 2021)	1/5
Member, Independent Non-Executive Director	

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The full Terms of Reference setting out the Audit Committee's composition, meeting procedures, authority, and functions and duties can be viewed at the Company's website, www.pph.com.my.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

The Audit Committee has discharged its duties as set out in its Terms of Reference. During the financial year, the activities of the Audit Committee include: -

1. FINANCIAL REPORTING

- (a) The Audit Committee reviewed the unaudited quarterly financial results with Management before submission to the Board of Directors for consideration, approval and release to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The reviews were focused on:
 - Changes in or implementation of major accounting policy;
 - Significant matters highlighted including financial reporting issues, significant judgements made by Management, significant and unusual events or transactions, and how these matters are addressed; and
 - Compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.

2. EXTERNAL AUDIT

- (a) On 29 November 2021, the Audit Committee together with the External Auditors reviewed the audit plan for the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 2021, outlining audit scope, audit approaches, areas of focus, recent developments in the Group, financial reporting updates and proposed fees for statutory audit prior to the commencement of the annual audit.
- (b) On 25 February 2022 and 5 April 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed the results of the External Auditors' audit report together with the Management's response to the findings of the External Auditors before recommending for the Board's approval. "Key Audit Matters" prepared in accordance to *International Standards on Auditing 701 Commentary Key Audit Matters in the Independent Auditors' Report*, were discussed during the meeting.
- (c) The Audit Committee met with the External Auditors without the presence of the Management on 29 November 2021, 25 February 2022 and 5 April 2022, to discuss assistance provided by the Management to them during the course of audit, and audit findings which they would want to bring to the attention of the Audit Committee.
- (d) On 5 April 2022, the Audit Committee assessed the suitability of External Auditors based on MCCG on their:
 - Calibre and quality of work;
 - Independence and objectivity;
 - Communication: and
 - Professionalism.

The Audit Committee was satisfied that External Auditors meet all the established criteria. In addition, the Audit Committee obtained written assurance from the External Auditors confirming their independence throughout the conduct of the audit engagement for the financial year. Accordingly, recommendation was made to the Board for their re-appointment to audit the financial statements for the next financial year subject to shareholders' approval.

3. INTERNAL AUDIT

- (a) On 25 February 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed and approved the internal audit plans for the financial year ended 2022. During the exercise, Audit Committee reviewed the adequacy and relevance of the scope, functions, resources, risk-based audit plans, and results of the internal audit processes, with the Head of Internal Audit, and confirmed that she has the necessary authority to carry out the work.
- (b) Audit reports based on audit plan approved by the Audit Committee were presented by the Head of Internal Audit on 31 May 2021, 30 August 2021, 29 November 2021 and 25 February 2022. The Head of Internal Audit also provided updates to the Audit Committee in respect of implementation of management plans or agreed course of action on the findings reported during audit.
- (c) On 25 February 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed the performance of the Internal Auditors based on adequacy of the scope, competency and resources of the Internal Audit function prior to recommendations to the Board on their appointment.

4. RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS ("RRPT")

- (a) Reviewed the related party transactions entered into by the Group and by the Company and the disclosure of such transactions in the Annual Report of the Company. The review is to ensure the following: -
 - The transactions were carried out on normal commercial terms and were not prejudicial to the interest of the Group and its minority shareholders;
 - Adequate oversight over the internal control procedures with regard to such transactions; and
 - Compliance with the Group's policy on related party transactions.
- (b) Reviewed the proposals and circular to shareholders in connection with recurrent related party transactions of revenue or trading nature prior to submitting to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, if any.

5. OTHERS

- (a) Audit Committee reviewed the extent of the Group's compliance with the principles and recommendations set out under the MCCG for the purpose of preparing the Statement of Corporate Governance and the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control for inclusion in the Company's Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. Audit Committee had recommended to the Board action plans to address the identified gaps between the Group's existing Corporate Governance practices and prescribed Corporate Governance principles and recommendations under the MCCG.
- (b) Reviewed and revised its Terms of Reference to ensure compliance with the new amendments to the MMLR, which affect the Audit Committee, for recommendation to the Board for its approval.
- (c) Reviewed the shares/options allocation in accordance to By-laws of Employee Share Option Scheme and Employee Share Grant Scheme.
- (d) Reviewed the implementation of ABC Policy that was prepared in accordance to "TRUST" principles of the Guideline on Adequate Procedures, pursuant to of Section 17A (5) of MACC Act 2009. The ABC policy was tabled and approved by the Board.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Audit Committee is supported by an in-house Internal Audit function in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities. The Internal Audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee. Its responsibilities include the provision of reasonable assurance to all levels of management concerning the overall control over assets and the effectiveness of the system of internal control in achieving the Company's overall objectives. The Internal Audit function also includes various internal audits on all operating units of the Group and is required to submit its findings and recommendations to the Audit Committee and Senior Management of the subsidiaries.

ACTIVITIES OF INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Internal Audit function is carried out by a team of in-house Internal Auditors, who reports directly to the Audit Committee. The Internal Auditors have direct access to Audit Committee on all internal control and audit issues. The role of Internal Auditors is to assist the Audit Committee in reviewing, examining and evaluating the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system whilst ensuring that there is an appropriate balance of controls and risks in achieving its business objective.

The Internal Auditors are independent from the Group's operations. The Internal Auditors adopt a risk-based approach towards the planning and conduct of audits consistent with the Group's objective in designing, implementing and monitoring of control system. Annual internal audit plan is developed in consideration of the audit history and the Group's risk that the Board and Management are focused in, and is approved by Audit Committee during the first Audit Committee meeting of the year.

The Internal Auditors carried out its activities based on the annual internal audit plan approved by Audit Committee. During year 2021, the Internal Auditors completed a total of 89 audit assignments. The audit covered various areas of the Group as follows: -

- (i) Inventory and Warehouse Management;
- (ii) Human Resource and Payroll Management;
- (iii) Production and Quality Control Management;
- (iv) Safety and Health Management;
- (v) Casual Worker and Cash Management;
- (vi) Custom Compliance; and
- (vii) Sales and Service Tax ("SST") Compliance.

After each audit, the findings and recommendations are submitted to the heads of the subsidiaries in which the audit was carried out. The Management of the audited subsidiary is obliged to respond to the findings of the in-house Internal Auditors. Thereafter, a follow up audit is carried out to ensure that the recommendations of the in-house Internal Auditors are followed through.

The External Auditors also meet up with the in-house Internal Auditors twice a year to exchange views and audit findings. The External Auditors will review the recommendations given by the in-house Internal Auditors to the Group or its subsidiaries in which the audit was carried out.

The Group's Head of Internal Audit meets with the Audit Committee on a quarterly basis. The internal audit reports on audits conducted at each audited subsidiary are presented and reported at the Audit Committee meeting.

In summary, the Board of Directors, working with the Audit Committee, carries out the ongoing process of monitoring the effective application of policies, processes and activities related to internal control and are responsible to ensure that the Group's system of internal control is in place.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group incurred **RM167,000** to carry out the Internal Audit function performed by the in-house Internal Auditors.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Directors are collectively responsible for ensuring that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at the end of the financial year and the results and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended. The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, in accordance with the applicable approved accounting standards and comply with the provision of the Companies Act 2016. It is the duty of the Directors to review the appropriateness of the basis accounting policies and supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates before adopting the financial statements and presenting them during the AGM together with their Report and Auditors' Report thereon.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group and the Company keep accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and of the Company, which also enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2016. The Directors have general responsibility for taking steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the shareholders' interest and the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of financial, administrative and advisory services to its subsidiaries.

The principal activities of its subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

	GROUP RM'000	COMPANY RM'000
Profit for the financial year	23,672	11,088

In the opinion of the directors, the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

DIVIDENDS

Since the end of the previous financial year, the Company has declared a single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per ordinary share amounting to RM471,559 in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and paid on 30 March 2021.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the current financial year.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND DEBENTURE

During the financial year, the Company had increased its issued and fully paid up ordinary share capital by way of:

- (i) Issuance of **81,000** new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of ESOS at an exercise price of **RM0.785** and **RM0.750** per ESOS for a total cash consideration of **RM61,905**; and
- (ii) Issuance of **211,500** new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of ESGS at an exercise price of **RM0.785** and **RM0.830** per ESGS for a total amount of **RM173,768**.

EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME ("ESOS") AND EMPLOYEE SHARE GRANT SCHEME ("ESGS")

The Company's ESOS and ESGS is governed by the By-Laws approved by the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 29 August 2017. The ESOS and ESGS will be in force for a maximum period of five years till 6 October 2022.

The salient features of the ESOS and ESGS are disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements.

The movement of the share options and share grants during the financial year is as follows:

			N	umber of share of	otions	
Grant date	Exercise price RM	Balance at 1.1.2021	Granted	Exercised	Rejected	Balance at 31.12.2021
21.7.21	0.785	_	39,500	(33,000)	-	6,500
26.10.21	0.750	_	52,000	(48,000)	(4,000)	-
				Number of shar	e grants	
			Balance at		G	Balance at
Grant date	Exercise p RM	orice	1.1.2021	Granted	Exercised	31.12.2021
21.7.21	0.785		-	39,500	(39,500)	-
26.10.21	0.830		-	172,000	(172,000)	-

As required by Paragraph 5 of Schedule 5 (Part 1) of the Companies Act, 2016, the Company is required to disclose in this report the names of option holders and details of their holdings. The details of holders other than directors are as follow:

Number of Share Options	Number of Share Grants
1,000	3,000
3,000	10,000
3,000	3,000
8,000	15,000
3,000	10,000
6,000	20,000
3,000	10,000
8,000	15,000
-	3,000
8,000	15,000
37,000	76,000
1,500	11,500
	1,000 3,000 3,000 8,000 3,000 6,000 3,000 8,000 8,000

Details of options granted to Directors are disclosed in the section of Directors' Interests In Shares in this report.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company in office since the end of the previous financial year to the date of this report are:

Directors of the Company:

- * Koay Chiew Poh
- * Koay Chiew Kang
- * Koay Teng Liang
- * Koay Teng Kheong Nurjannah Binti Ali

Ng Thim Fook

Ong Eng Choon

* Koay Chue Beng (alternate director to Koay Chiew Poh) Tang Boon Lee (appointed on 29.11.2021)

Directors of the subsidiaries:

Koay Chiew Lee Ooi Siew Hong Loo Weng Keen Gooi Chye Soon Che Puan Bt Abdullah Wong Lai Chuen Tan Peck Sian Tay Gee Lang

^{*} The directors are also directors of the Company's subsidiaries

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings required to be kept under Section 59 of the Companies Act 2016, the interests of directors in office at the end of the financial year in shares of the Company and its related corporations during the financial year are as follows:

	Number of ordinary shares						
	Balance			Balance			
	at			at			
	1.1.2021	Bought	Sold	31.12.2021			
The Company:							
Direct Interest:							
Koay Chiew Poh	7,283,394	-	-	7,283,394			
Koay Chiew Kang	1,834,107	-	-	1,834,107			
Koay Teng Liang	99,995	13,000	-	112,995			
Koay Teng Kheong	20,000	13,000	-	33,000			
Koay Chue Beng	634,900	-	-	634,900			
Tang Boon Lee	8,228	-	-	8,228			
Deemed Interest:							
¹ Koay Chiew Poh	84,289,148	126,000	-	84,415,148			
² Koay Chiew Kang	6,949,423	26,000	-	6,975,423			
³ Koay Chue Beng	6,745,714	-	-	6,745,714			
	Number of share options						
	Balance			Balance			
	at 1.1,2021	Granted	Exercised	at 31.12.2021			
The Company:	1.1.2021	Grantea	Laciciscu	31.12.2021			
Direct Interest:							
Koay Teng Liang	-	3,000	(3,000)	-			
Koay Teng Kheong	-	3,000	(3,000)	-			
		Number of sh	are grants				
	Balance			Balance			
	at			at			
	1.1.2021	Granted	Exercised	31.12.2021			
The Company: Direct Interest:							
Koay Teng Liang	-	10,000	(10,000)	-			
Koay Teng Kheong	-	10,000	(10,000)	-			

Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 and Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd., Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd., his spouse and son respectively.

By virtue of his shareholding in the Company, **Mr. Koay Chiew Poh** is also deemed interested in the shares of all the subsidiaries of the Company, to the extent that the Company has interests.

Other than the above, none of the other directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any interests in shares in the Company and its related corporations during the financial year.

² Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 and Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd., his spouse and daughter respectively.

Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS

During the financial year, the fees and other benefits received and receivable by the directors of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

	COMPANY RM'000	SUBSIDIARIES RM'000	GROUP RM'000
Directors' fees	78	-	78
Salaries, allowance and bonus	-	2,314	2,314
EPF	-	432	432
SOCSO and EIS	-	7	7
ESOS and ESGS	1	16	17
Benefits-in-kind		91	91
	79	2,860	2,939

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangements subsisted to which the Company is a party, with the object or objects of enabling the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, other than the share options and share grants awarded pursuant to the ESOS and ESGS.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors as shown above) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with a director or with a firm of which the director is a member or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest, other than those related party transactions disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS, OFFICERS OR AUDITORS

There were no indemnity given to or insurance effected for any of the directors, officers or auditors of the Group and of the Company during the financial year.

OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:

- (i) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of provision for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate provision had been made for doubtful debts, and
- (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to realise their value as shown in the accounting records in the ordinary course of business had been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (i) that would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the provision for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent, or
- (ii) that would render the value attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading, or
- (iii) that would render any amount stated in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading,
- (iv) that have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person, and
- (ii) any contingent liability in respect of the Group and of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year.

In the opinion of the directors:

- (i) no contingent liability or other liability has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which will or may affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.
- (ii) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year in which this report is made.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT

Details of the significant event are disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The total amount of fees paid to or receivable by the auditors, **Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT**, as remuneration for their services as auditors of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 are RM154,700 and RM26,000 respectively.

The Group and the Company have agreed to indemnify the auditors, **Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT** as permitted under the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. No payment has been made to indemnity **Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT** for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

The auditors, Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

Voor Tong Liong
Koay Teng Liang

Date: 5 April 2022

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

No.: P125

Commissioner for Oaths

In the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 48 to 109 are properly drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at **31 December 2021** and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors:

••••••		
Koay Chiew Poh	Koay Teng Liang	
Date: 5 April 2022		
STATUTORY DECLARATION	\mathbf{N}	
Berhad do solemnly and sincerely declare the	sponsible for the financial management of Public Packages Holdi at the financial statements set out on pages 48 to 109 are to the best of s solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and rations Act, 1960.	my
Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed at Penang, this 5th day of April 2022 .)))	
	Ooi Siew Hong	
Before me,		
Goh Suan Bee		

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF PUBLIC PACKAGES HOLDINGS BERHAD

Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Public Packages Holdings Berhad**, which comprise the statements of financial position as at **31 December 2021** of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of accounting policies, as set out on pages 48 to 109.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at **31 December 2021** and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice*) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("*By-Laws*") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members Of Public Packages Holdings Berhad (cont'd)

Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

Key Audit Matter

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Revenue recognition

(Note 26 to the financial statements)

The Group's revenue is mainly derived from the manufacturing of paper packaging products and hotel business.

We focus on this area due to the magnitude and voluminous transactions which may give rise to a higher risk of material misstatements in respect of the timing and amount of revenue recognised.

Our audit procedures in relation to the revenue recognition included, amongst others, the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of the Group's revenue recognition process and application and thereafter testing key controls on the occurrence of revenue;
- Performing analytical procedures on the trend of revenue recognised to identify for any abnormalities;
- Performing substantive testing on a sampling basis to verify that revenue recognition criteria are properly applied by checking to the documents which evidenced the delivery of goods to the customers; and
- Assessing whether revenue is recognised in the correct period by testing cut-off through assessing sales transaction taking place at either side of the reporting date as well as reviewing credit notes and sales returns issued after the reporting date.

There is no key audit matter to be communicated in the audit of the separate financial statements of the Company.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members Of Public Packages Holdings Berhad (cont'd)

Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identified during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Independent Auditors' Report To The Members Of Public Packages Holdings Berhad (cont'd)

Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiary of which we have not acted as auditors, is disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Other Matter

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT AF: 0737 201906003682 (LLP0022494-LCA) Chartered Accountants Loo Wei Teng No. 03487/03/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Penang

Date: 5 April 2022

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		GROUP		COMPANY	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	NOTE	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
ASSETS					
Non-current assets	_				_
Property, plant and equipment	4	143,406	156,229	1	1
Investment properties	5	21,310	4,910	-	-
Right-of-use assets	6	1,089	1,166	-	-
Investment in subsidiaries	7	-	-	126,884	126,884
Investment in joint ventures	8	29,959	28,794	15,100	15,100
Amount due from subsidiaries	9	-	-	2,333	2,602
Other investments	10	1,609	1,573		*
	-	197,373	192,672	144,318	144,587
Current assets					
Inventories	11	17,019	13,891	-	-
Trade receivables	12	44,341	49,502	-	-
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	13	3,408	3,306	2	2
Amount due from subsidiaries	9	-	-	1,344	515
Current tax assets		814	336	19	10
Other investments	10	25,149	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	14	75,166	80,121	24,458	13,878
	_	165,897	147,156	25,823	14,405
TOTAL ASSETS		363,270	339,828	170,141	158,992
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Share capital	15	94,787	94,361	94,787	94,361
Revaluation reserve	16	4,929	482	94,707	94,301
ESOS and ESGS reserve	17	2	402	2	-
Fair value adjustment reserve	18	342	322	2	-
Foreign translation reserve	19	1,424	1,304	<u>-</u>	-
Retained profits	20	199,895	176,868	74,903	64,460
Total equity	20 _	301,379	273,337	169,692	158,821
Total equity	-	301,373	213,331	109,092	130,021
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	21	7,351	8,530	-	-
Lease liabilities	6	375	464	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	22	10,709	9,121		
	-	18,435	18,115		-
Current liabilities					
Trade payables	23	13,179	9,315	_	_
Other payables and accruals	24	9,594	10,808	31	34
Contract liabilities	25	4,749	2,460		-
Borrowings	21	14,083	21,722	418	137
Lease liabilities	6	714	702	-	-
Current tax liabilities	v	1,137	3,369	-	_
Control was incomed	-	43,456	48,376	449	171
Total liabilities	-	61,891	66,491	449	171
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	-	363,270	339,828	170,141	158,992
-					

^{*} Represents RM1

STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		GRO	UP	COMP	COMPANY	
	NOTE	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Revenue	26	196,808	190,276	11,271	11,239	
Cost of sales	27	(135,519)	(130,379)		-	
Gross profit		61,289	59,897	11,271	11,239	
Other income		2,475	4,797	107	-	
Selling and distribution expenses		(16,739)	(16,783)	-	-	
Administrative expenses		(16,681)	(17,669)	(266)	(229)	
Operating profit		30,344	30,242	11,112	11,010	
Finance costs		(1,284)	(1,907)	(24)	(538)	
Share of results of joint ventures		2,165	7,646		_	
Profit before tax	28	31,225	35,981	11,088	10,472	
Tax (expense)/income	29	(7,553)	(8,858)	_	3	
Profit for the financial year		23,672	27,123	11,088	10,475	
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax: Item that will be reclassified subsequently to profit of Foreign currency translation differences for foreign of		120	7	-][-]	
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to prevent the Net change in fair value of equity investments designst fair value through other comprehensive income Revaluation of land and buildings Deferred tax impact on revaluation reserve		20 4,447 -	(124) - 96	- - -	- - -	
Total other comprehensive income/(loss) for the fina	ncial year	4,587	(21)			
Total comprehensive income for the financial year, attributable to owners of the Company		28,259	27,102	11,088	10,475	
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (sen) - Basic - Diluted	30	12.55 12.55	14.38 14.38			

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Attributable to Owners of the Company						
NOTE	Share Capital RM'000	Revaluation Reserve		ributable Fair Value Adjustment Reserve RM'000		Distributable Retained Profits	Total Equity
2021	KM 7000	RM'000	KW1*000	KW17000	KW17000	RM'000	RM'000
Balance at beginning	94,361	482	-	322	1,304	176,868	273,337
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	4,447	-	20	120	23,672	28,259
Transactions with owners of the Company							
Grant of ESOS to employees	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
Recognision of equity-settled share-based payment Issuance of shares	-	-	173	-	-	-	173
pursuant to: - Exercise of ESOS 15	62	-	-	-	-	-	62
- Exercise of ESGS 15 Transfer of ESOS reserve	173	-	-	-	-	(173)	-
upon exercised 15 Transfer of ESGS reserve	18	-	(18)	-	-	-	-
upon exercised 15 Dividend 31	173	-	(173)	-	-	- (472)	- (472)
Total transactions with owners of the Company	426	-	2	-	-	(645)	(217)
Balance at end	94,787	4,929	2	342	1,424	199,895	301,379
2020							
Balance at beginning	94,361	386	-	446	1,297	150,217	246,707
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	96	-	(124)	7	27,123	27,102
Transaction with owners of the Company							
Dividend 31	-	-	-	-	-	(472)	(472)
Balance at end	94,361	482	-	322	1,304	176,868	273,337

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	NOTE	Share Capital RM'000	Non-distributable ESOS and ESGS Reserve RM'000	Distributable Retained Profits RM'000	Total Equity RM'000
2021					
Balance at beginning		94,361	-	64,460	158,821
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	11,088	11,088
Transactions with owners of the Company	_				
Grant of ESOS to employees Recognition of equity-settled		-	20	-	20
share-based payment		-	173	-	173
Issuance of shares pursuant to: - Exercise of ESOS	15	62	-		62
- Exercise of ESGS Transfer of ESOS reserve	15	173	-	(173)	-
upon exercised	15	18	(18)	-	-
Transfer of ESGS reserve upon exercised	15	173	(173)	_	_
Dividend	31	-	-	(472)	(472)
Total transactions with owners of the Company		426	2	(645)	(217)
Balance at end	-	94,787	2	74,903	169,692
2020					
Balance at beginning		94,361	-	54,457	148,818
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	10,475	10,475
Transaction with owners of the Company Dividend	31			(472)	(472)
Balance at end	J1 -	94,361	-	64,460	158,821
Daidlice at eliu	_	94,301	-	04,400	130,041

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		GROUP		COMPANY		
		2021	2020	2021	2020	
	NOTE	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Profit before tax		31,225	35,981	11,088	10,472	
Adjustments for:		31,223	33,701	11,000	10,472	
Accretion of interest on amount due to subsidiary		_	_	(101)	_	
Accretion of interest on lease liabilities		185	61	-	_	
Allowances for expected credit losses						
- current year		-	195	-	_	
- reversal		(156)	-	-	-	
Bad debts		-	19	9	-	
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		9,349	9,690	-	-	
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		856	878	-	_	
Dividend income		(1,504)	(1,093)	(11,271)	(11,239)	
Equity-settled shared-based payments		193	-	20	-	
Fair value loss on investment properties		100 (60)	5	-	-	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		(00)	(23) 1,004	-	-	
Interest expense		1,226	1,846	24	10	
Interest income		(26)	(45)		-	
Inventories written down		118	-	_	_	
Property, plant and equipment written off		-	199	-	_	
Share of results of joint ventures		(2,165)	(7,646)	-	-	
Unwinding discount on amount due from subsidiary	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		528	
Operating profit/(loss) before working capital changes	_	39,341	41,071	(231)	(229)	
Changes in:		37,341	41,071	(231)	(22))	
Inventories		(3,246)	4,014	-	_	
Receivables		5,238	1,528	-	_	
Payables		3,065	630	(3)	8	
Contract liabilities		2,289	788	-	_	
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	·	46,687	48,031	(234)	(221)	
Interest paid		(1,226)	(1,846)	(24)	(10)	
Interest received		21	39	-	-	
Income tax paid		(10,080)	(5,350)	(9)	(10)	
Income tax refunded	_	-	372		32	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	_	35,402	41,246	(267)	(209)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	Γ	(7,980)	(2,992)	-	-	
Dividend received		1,504	1,093	10,271	10,139	
Dividend received from joint ventures		1,000	1,100	1,000	1,100	
Placement of other investments		(25,149)	- []	- [[-	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		532	76	- [[-	
Withdrawal of fixed deposits with licensed banks		-	3,000	-	- (1.602)	
Net change in subsidiaries' balances	L	- (20,002)	- 2 277	(295)	(1,693)	
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	_	(30,093)	2,277	10,976	9,546	
Balance carried forward		5,309	43,523	10,709	9,337	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	GRO		UP	COMPANY	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	NOTE	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Balance brought forward		5,309	43,523	10,709	9,337
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Dividend paid		(472)	(472)	(472)	(472)
Proceeds from issuance of shares		62	-	62	-
Repayment of bill payables	В	(6,924)	(4,517)	-	-
Repayment of finance lease liabilities	В	(2,613)	(2,434)	-	-
Repayment of term loans	В	(311)	(5,047)	-	-
Net changes of Murabahah financing	В	1,082	(839)	-	-
Repayment of lease liabilities	В	(1,041)	(939)		- (450)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(10,217)	(14,248)	(410)	(472)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND					
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,908)	29,275	10,299	8,865
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
AT BEGINNING	_	78,450	49,175	13,741	4,876
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	A	73,542	78,450	24,040	13,741
A. Represented by:					
Cash and bank balances		75,166	80,121	24,458	13,878
Less: Fixed deposits pledged with licensed banks		(228)	(223)	-	-
Bank overdrafts	_	(1,396)	(1,448)	(418)	(137)
	_	73,542	78,450	24,040	13,741

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

B. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statements of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities is as follows:

	Balance at beginning RM'000	Net cash flows RM'000	Others RM'000	Balance at end RM'000
GROUP				
2021				
Borrowings excluding bank overdrafts Lease liabilities	28,804 1,166	(8,766) (1,041)	- 964	20,038 1,089
Total liabilities arising from financing activities	29,970	(9,807)	964	21,127
2020				
Borrowings excluding bank overdrafts Lease liabilities	41,641 1,575	(12,837) (939)	530	28,804 1,166
Total liabilities arising from financing activities	43,216	(13,776)	530	29,970
¹ Others consist of non-cash movement as follows:				
			GROUP	
			2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Accretion of interest on lease liabilities			185	61
Additions of lease liabilities			779	524
Derecognition of lease liabilities		-		(55)
			964	530

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

General

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at Wisma Public Packages, Plot 67, Lintang Kampong Jawa, Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, 11900 Bayan Lepas, Penang, Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 5 April 2022.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and the provision of financial, administrative and advisory services to its subsidiaries.

The principal activities of its subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 7 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 **Statement of Compliance**

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

2.2 Basis of Measurement

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company are prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise indicated in the summary of accounting policies under Note 3 to the financial statements.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group and by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their best economic interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group and the Company use valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to their fair value measurement is unobservable.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of fair value hierarchy as explained above.

2.3 Functional and Presentation Currency

Ringgit Malaysia is the presentation currency of the Group and of the Company and the amounts in the financial statements are rounded-up to the nearest RM'000, except where otherwise stated.

Ringgit Malaysia is also the functional currency of the Company. The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The Group's foreign operations have different functional currencies.

2.4 Adoption of Amendments to MFRSs

The accounting policies adopted by the Group and by the Company are consistent with those of the previous financial years except for the adoption of the following amendments to MFRSs that are mandatory for the current financial year:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020

Amendment to MFRS 16 Leases: Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

Amendments to MFRS 9 Financial Instruments, MFRS 139 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, MFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures, MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts and MFRS 16 Leases: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2

Initial application of the above amendments to MFRSs did not have any material impact to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

2.5 Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

The following are accounting standards that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but are not yet effective for the Group and for the Company:

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021

Amendments to MFRS 16 Leases: Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

Amendments to MFRS 3 Business Combination: Reference to the Conceptual Framework

Amendments to MFRS 116 Property, Plant and Equipment: Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use

Amendments to MFRS 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract

Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 4 Insurance Contracts - Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying MFRS 9 Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts

Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts: Initial application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9 - Comparative Information

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

Amendments to MFRS 101 Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Amendments to MFRS 108 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Accounting Estimates

Amendments to MFRS 112 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

Effective date yet to be confirmed

Amendments to MFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128 Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The initial application of the above standards is not expected to have any material impacts to the financial statements of the Group and of the Company upon adoption.

2.6 Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

2.6.1 Judgements made in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Determining the lease term of contracts with renewal and termination options - Group as lessee

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

The Group has not included the extension options period as part of the lease term for lease of premises and motor vehicles as it is not reasonably certain that the extension options will be exercised. The periods covered by termination options are included as part of the lease term only when they are reasonably certain not to be exercised.

2.6.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(i) Useful lives of depreciable assets

Plant and machinery are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Management estimates the useful lives of the plant and machinery to be within 5 to 35 years. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological developments could impact the economic useful lives and residual values of the plant and machinery. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of the plant and machinery would increase the depreciation charge and decrease the non-current assets.

(ii) Fair value of investment properties

The Group measures its investment properties at fair value amount with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss. The Group engaged independent external valuers to determine fair value as at the end of reporting period.

The carrying amount of the investment properties as at the end of reporting period and the relevant fair value are disclosed in Notes 5 to the financial statements.

(iii) Inventories

The management reviews for damage, slow-moving and obsolete inventories. This review requires judgements and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revision to the valuation of inventories.

The carrying amount of the Group's inventories as at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

(iv) Provision for expected credit losses ("ECL") of receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECL for receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and expected credit losses is a significant estimate. The amount of expected credit losses is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

The information about the ECL on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in Note 35.3.1 to the financial statements.

(v) Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies adopted by the Group and by the Company are consistent with those adopted in the previous financial years unless otherwise indicated below:

3.1 Consolidation

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities, including structured entities, controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has *de facto* power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Investment in subsidiaries is measured in the Company's statement of financial position at cost less any impairment losses, unless the investment is classified as held for sale or distribution. The cost of investments includes transaction costs.

Upon disposal of an investment in a subsidiary, the difference between the net disposal proceed and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the audited financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries, which have been prepared in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are all drawn up to the same reporting date.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in asset, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment) are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Temporary differences arising from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions will be treated in accordance to Note 3.13 to the financial statements.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Changes in the Company owners' ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

(iii) Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method from the acquisition date which is the date on which control is transferred to the Group.

The Group measures the cost of goodwill at the acquisition date as:

- the fair value of the consideration transferred, plus
- the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree, plus
- if the business combination is achieved in stages, the fair value of the existing equity interest in the acquiree, less
- the net recognised amount at fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

When the excess is negative, a bargain purchase gain is recognised in profit or loss.

For each business combination, the Group elects whether to recognise non-controlling interest in the acquiree at fair value, or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date.

Transaction costs, other than those associated with the issue of debt or equity securities, that the Group incurs in connection with a business combination are expensed as incurred.

(iv) Acquisitions of non-controlling interests

The Group treats all changes in its ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control as equity transactions between the Group and its non-controlling interest holders. Any difference between the Group's share of net assets before and after the change, and any consideration received or paid, is adjusted to or against Group reserve.

(v) Loss of control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity accounted investee or as a fair value through other comprehensive income depending on the level of influence retained.

(vi) Joint arrangements

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in joint venture are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, investment in a joint venture is carried in the statements of financial position at cost plus post acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The share of the result of a joint venture is reflected in profit or loss. Any change in other comprehensive income of those investees is presented as part of the Group's other comprehensive income. In addition, where there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of a joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes and discloses this, when applicable, in the statements of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the joint venture.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit or loss of a joint venture is shown on the face of the statements of comprehensive income outside operating profit and represents profit or loss after tax and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the joint venture.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in a joint venture, the carrying amount of that interest including any long-term investment is reduced to zero, and the recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has an obligation or has made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

The financial statements of the joint venture are prepared as of the same reporting period as the Company. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies of the joint venture in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investments in its joint venture. The Group determines at each end of the reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the joint venture and its carrying value, then recognises the amount in the "share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method" in profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence over the joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group's interest in a joint venture decreases but does not result in a loss of significant influence, any retained interest is not re-measured. Any gain or loss arising from the decrease in interest is recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income are also reclassified proportionately to the profit or loss if that gain or loss would be required to be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in a joint venture are stated at cost less impairment losses. On disposal of such investments, the difference between net disposal proceeds and their carrying amounts is included in profit or loss.

(vii) Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intragroup balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised profits arising on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures which are included in the carrying amount of the related assets and liabilities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses on such transactions are also eliminated unless cost cannot be recovered.

3.2 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on the straight line method to write off the cost of each asset to its residual value over its estimated useful life at the following annual rates:

Leasehold land	Amortise over lease		
	period of 45 to 52 years		
Buildings	2% to 3%		
Apartments	Amortise over lease		
	period of 85 years		
Plant and machinery	2.86% - 20%		
Hotel equipment	10% - 20%		
Motor vehicles	10% - 14%		
Furniture, fittings and office equipment	10% - 20%		
Electrical installations	10%		
Renovation	10%		

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has an infinite life.

Capital work-in-progress represents assets under construction, and which are not ready for commercial use at the end of the reporting period. Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost, and is transferred to the relevant category of assets and depreciated accordingly when the assets are completed and ready for commercial use. Capital work-in-progress are not depreciated until the assets are ready for their intended use.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amount, method and period of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains or losses arising on the disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the assets and are recognised in profit or loss in the financial year in which the asset is derecognised.

3.3 **Investment Properties**

Investment properties are properties which are owned or held under a leasehold interest to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction cost. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for their intended use and capitalised borrowing costs.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair value and are revalued annually and are included in the statements of financial position at their open market values. Any gain or loss resulting from either a change in the fair value or the sale of an investment property is immediately recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The fair values are determined by external professional valuers with sufficient experience with respect to both the location and the nature of the investment property and supported by market evidence. Where the fair value of the investment property under construction is not reliably determinable, the investment property under construction is measured at cost until either its fair value becomes reliably determinable or construction is complete, whichever is earlier.

Investment properties are derecognised when either they are disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss on the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in the profit or loss in the financial year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change. When an item of property, plant and equipment is transferred to investment property following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to transfer and its fair value is recognised directly in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in profit or loss. Upon disposal of an investment property, any surplus previously recorded in equity is transferred to retained profits; the transfer is not made through profit or loss.

3.4 Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. It is a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities for lease payments made and/or to be made, and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(i) Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Motor vehicles 3 years
Premises 2 to 3 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

The right-of-use asset is also subject to impairment.

(ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(iii) Short term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease and leases of low-value assets recognition exemption to its short-term leases of premise, machinery and equipment (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As a lessor

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue and other income in the statements of comprehensive income. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as other income in the period in which they are earned.

3.5 Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is an indication that the asset other than inventories may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded subsidiaries or other available fair value indicators.

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Group's cash-generating units to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations are generally covering a period of three years. For longer periods, a long term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the third year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations, including impairment on inventories, are recognised in the profit or loss in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset, except for a property previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case, the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

3.6 **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost of raw materials and consumables comprises the original cost of purchase plus the cost of bringing the inventories to their present location and condition and is determined on the first-in, first-out basis.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods include raw materials, direct labour and attributable production overheads.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.7 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

3.7.1 Financial assets

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are measured at initial recognition at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost ("AC"), fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exceptions of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group and the Company have applied the practical expedient, the Group and the Company initially measure a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at FVTPL, at its transaction costs.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at AC or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI")' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at FVTPL, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's and the Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at AC are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows while financial assets classified and measured at FVOCI are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments)
- Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments)
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets at FVTPL are carried in the statements of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

This category includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Group and the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised as other income in the statements of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established.

The Group's financial assets at FVTPL includes investment in unit trusts.

Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired. The Group's and the Company's financial assets at amortised cost include cash and bank balances, amount due from subsidiaries and trade and other receivables.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity instruments) ("FVOCI")

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under MFRS 132 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statements of comprehensive income when the right of payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in OCI. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

The Group elected to classify irrevocably its equity investments under this category.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a company of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's and the Company's statements of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- the Group and the Company have transferred their rights to receive cash flows from the asset or have assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group and the Company have transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group and the Company have neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but have transferred control of the asset.

When the Group and the Company have transferred their rights to receive cash flows from an asset or have entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, they have retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When they have neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group and the Company continue to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of their continuing involvement. In that case, the Group and the Company also recognise an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group and the Company have retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group and the Company could be required to repay.

(iv) **Impairment**

The Group and the Company recognise an allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on financial assets measured at amortised cost, debt investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, contract assets, and lease receivables. Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

The Group and the Company measure loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss, except for debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, cash and bank balance and other debt securities for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which are measured at 12-month expected credit loss. Loss allowances for trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating expected credit loss, the Group and the Company consider reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information, where available.

Lifetime expected credit losses are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the asset, while 12-month expected credit losses are the portion of expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The maximum period considered when estimating expected credit losses is the maximum contractual period over which the Group and the Company are exposed to credit risk.

The Group and the Company estimate the expected credit losses on trade receivables using a provision matrix with reference to historical credit loss experience.

An impairment loss in respect of financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised in profit or loss and the carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

An impairment loss in respect of debt investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss and the allowance account is recognised in other comprehensive income.

At each reporting date, the Group and the Company assess whether the financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt securities at fair value through other comprehensive income are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group and the Company determine that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's or the Company's procedures for recovery amounts due.

3.7.2 Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value, and in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's and the Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial liabilities are classified in two categories:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- Financial liabilities at amortised cost

The Group and the Company do not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss as at the end of the reporting period.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

This is the category most relevant to the Group and the Company. After initial recognition, trade and other payables and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statements of comprehensive income.

(iii) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statements of comprehensive income.

3.7.3 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statements of financial position if, and only if, there is currently a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.7.4 Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss if incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as a liability at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in statements of comprehensive income over the period of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Company, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

3.8 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand, cash at bank and demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term and highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, against which bank overdraft balances, if any, are deducted.

3.9 **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance cost expense.

3.10 **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Group has generally concluded that it is the principal in its revenue arrangements because it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

The performance obligations to recognise revenue are as follows:

(i) Revenue from sale of goods

Revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on the delivery of the goods.

(ii) Revenue from hotel and restaurant operations

Revenue from hotel and restaurant operations comprise rental of rooms, sales of food and beverage and other hotel business related income, is recognised at a point in time upon the satisfaction of performance obligation, generally upon the services have been performed and completed.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest rate method in profit or loss.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Group's and the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(v) Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Lease incentives granted are recognised as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

3.10.1 Contract balances

This refers to the closing balances of the trade receivables and contract liabilities as at the end of reporting period.

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due).

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

3.11 **Borrowing Costs**

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest rate method.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and undertakes activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or completed.

3.12 **Employee Benefits**

Short term benefits

Wages, salaries, bonuses and social security contributions are recognised as an expense in the financial year in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group. Short term accumulating compensated absences such as paid annual leave are recognised when services are rendered by employees that increase their entitlement to future compensated absences, and short term non-accumulating compensated absences such as sick leave are recognised when the absences occur.

Defined contribution plans

As required by law, companies in Malaysia make contributions to the national pension scheme, the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"). Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss as incurred. Some of the Group's foreign subsidiaries also make contributions to their respective country's statutory pension schemes.

Employees' share options scheme and employees' share grant scheme

Eligible employees of the Group and of the Company received remuneration in the form of share options and share grants as consideration for services rendered. The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the options and grants at the date on which the options and grants are granted. This cost is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in the employee share options reserve and employee share grants reserve over the vesting period.

The cumulative expense recognised at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's and the Company's best estimate of the number of options and grants that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognised at the beginning and end of the period.

No expense is recognised for options and grants that do not ultimately vest, except for options and grants were vesting is conditional upon market or non-vesting condition, which are tested as vested irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied. The employee share options reserve and employee share grants reserve are transferred to retained profits upon expiry of the share options and share grants.

The proceeds received net of directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital when the options and grants are exercised.

3.13 Income Tax

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the statements of financial position and their tax bases. Deferred tax is not recognised for temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of goodwill, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, except for investment properties carried at fair value model. Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 3.3 to the financial statements, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held with the objective to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

Unutilised reinvestment allowance and investment tax allowance, being tax incentives that is not a tax base of an asset, is recognised as a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to set off against the unutilised tax incentive.

3.14 Goods and Services Tax ("GST") and Sales and Service Tax ("SST")

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of GST or SST except:

- when the GST or SST incurred in a purchase of asset or service is not recoverable from the authority, in which case the GST or SST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with GST or SST inclusive.

The net GST or SST payable to the taxation authority is included as part of payables in the statements of financial position.

3.15 Foreign Currency

Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the functional currency of the Group at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at that date.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured at historical cost in a foreign currency at the end of the reporting period are translated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction except for those measured at fair value shall be translated at the exchange rate at the date when the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Exchange differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for the differences arising on the translation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains or losses are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Foreign operations

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to RM at exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated to RM at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

Exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the foreign translation reserve ("FTR") in equity. However, if the operation is a non-wholly owned subsidiary, then the relevant proportionate share of the exchange difference is allocated to the non-controlling interests. When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, the significant influence or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the FTR related to the foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

When the Group disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non-controlling interests. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

In the consolidated financial statements, when settlement of a monetary item receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely in the foreseeable future, foreign exchange gains and losses arising from such a monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in a foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income, and are presented in the FTR in equity.

3.16 Share Capital, Share Issuance Costs and Dividends

Classification

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Other shares are classified as equity and/or liability according to the economic substance of the particular instrument.

Share issuance costs

Incremental external costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares are deducted against equity.

Dividends

Dividends on ordinary shares are accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained profits and recognised as a liability in the period in which they are declared or approved.

3.17 **Segment Reporting**

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating segments' results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker, which in this case is the Executive Directors, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

3.18 Contingencies

Where it is not probable that an inflow or an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the asset or the obligation is not recognised in the statements of financial position and is disclosed as a contingent asset or contingent liability, unless the probability of inflow or outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent assets or contingent liabilities unless the probability of inflow or outflow of economic benefits is remote.

3.19 **Related Parties**

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group. A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Group and its related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) Has control or joint control over the Group.
 - (ii) Has significant influence over the Group.
 - (iii) Is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the ultimate holding company of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group.
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity.
 - (iii) Both the Group and the Company entity are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefits of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly-controlled by a person identified in (a) above.
 - (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) above has significant influence over the Group or is a member of the key management personnel of the ultimate holding company or the Group.
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

GROUP

	Freehold land RM'000	Leasehold land RM'000	Buildings RM'000	Apartments RM'000	Plant and machinery RM'000	Hotel equipment RM'000	Motor vehicles RM'000	Furniture, fittings and office equipment RM'000	Electrical installations RM'000	Renovation RM'000	Capital work-in- progress RM'000	Total RM*000
2021												
At cost												
Balance at beginning Additions	25,583	17,569	85,211 11	565	104,685 6,827	13,535 20	4,888	10,963 199	688	3,489 23	338	267,715 7,980
Disposals Written off					(2,323) (122)		(67)					(2,390) (122)
Transferred to investment properties (Note 5)	(9,050)	•	(2,132)	•				•	•		. (60)	(11,182)
Keciassification Reversal	·		(333)							'	(553)	(333)
Balance at end	16,533	17,569	82,757	265	109,600	13,555	4,821	11,162	886	3,512	705	261,668
Accumulated depreciation												
Balance at beginning		4,931	10,806	306	74,319	2,355	3,410	10,610	771	2,355	•	109,863
Disposals			6 '		(848)		(99)	3 .	3 '			(914)
Written off		•	•	•	(122)	•	•	•	•	•	•	(122)
Transferred to investment properties (Note 5)	· j		(533)					•		·		(533)
Balance at end	ĺ	5,260	13,038	313	77,334	3,937	3,635	10,800	801	2,525	•	117,643
Accumulated impairment losses												
Balance at beginning Disposal		· .j			1,623 (1,004)					• •		1,623 (1,004)
Balance at end	اً	اً	•	٠	619	اً	•	•		·	Ī	619
Carrying amount	16,533	12,309	69,719	252	31,647	9,618	1,186	362	88	987	705	143,406

Total RM'000			259,640 2,992 (423) (294)	5,800	267,715		100,638 9,690	(370)	109,863		619 1,004	1,623	156,229
Capital work-in- progress RM'000			225 333	- (220)	338				'		, ,	'	338
Renovation RM*000			3,372		3,489		2,193		2,355		' '	'	1,134
Electrical installations RM'000			688	1 1	688		739	1 1	771		1 1	1	118
Furniture, fittings and office equipment RM'000			10,902 72 - (11)		10,963		10,437 184	(11)	10,610		' '	İ	353
Motor vehicles RM'000			5,244 20 (376)	' '	4,888		3,409 365	(364)	3,410		' '	İ	1,478
Hotel equipment RM'000			13,427		13,535		783 1,572	1 1	2,355		' '	'	11,180
Plant and machinery RM'000			104,247 548 (47) (283)	220	104,685		70,144 4,265	(6)	74,319		619 1,004	1,623	28,743
Apartments RM*000			565	, ,	565		299		306		' '	'	259
Buildings RM'000			82,692 1,794	725	85,211		8,065 2,741		10,806		' '	'	74,405
Leasehold land RM'000			12,494	5,075	17,569		4,569 362		4,931		' '	İ	12,638
Freehold land RM'000			25,583	' '	25,583				1			اً '	25,583
	2020	At cost	Balance at beginning Additions Disposals Written off	Iransterred from investment properties (Note 5) Reclassification	Balance at end	Accumulated depreciation	Balance at beginning Current charge	Disposals Written off	Balance at end	Accumulated impairment losses	Balance at beginning Current charge	Balance at end	Carrying amount

COMPANY

Furniture, fittings and office equipments 2021 2020

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
At cost	171	171
Accumulated depreciation	170	170
Carrying amount	1	1

(i) The information of right-of-use assets of the Group which are included in the property, plant and equipment is as follows:

GROUP	Carrying amount RM'000	Current depreciation RM'000
2021		
Leasehold land	12,309	329
Plant and machinery	7,045	1,133
Motor vehicles	982	192
2020		
Leasehold land	12,638	362
Plant and machinery	8,178	1,138
Motor vehicles	1,174	196

(ii) The carrying amount of leased assets of the Group which are pledged as securities for the finance lease liabilities as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements are as follows:

	GRO	UP
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Plant and machinery	7,045	8,178
Motor vehicles	982	1,174
	8,027	9,352

(iii) The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment of the Group which are pledged as securities to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements are as follows:

	GRO	OUP
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Freehold land	9,955	19,005

(iv) In the prior financial year, a subsidiary had impaired plant and machinery amounting to RM1,004,242 as a result of technology obsolescence. Such plant and machiney has been disposed of during the financial year.

5. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	GRO	U P
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Investment properties at fair value:		
Balance at beginning	4,910	10,715
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	10,649	-
Fair value gain to other comprehensive income at the date of change in used	5,851	-
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	(100)	(5)
Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 4)		(5,800)
	21,310	4,910

The reconciliation of the fair value is shown above.

The investment properties consist of the following:

	GRO	UP
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Freehold land and buildings	17,570	1,050
Apartments	3,740	3,860
	21,310	4,910

- (i) The carrying amount of investment properties of the Group which are pledged to licensed banks as securities for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements is **RM9,050,000** (2020: RM Nil).
- (ii) The fair values of investment properties were measured based on valuations performed by independent professional valuers using the market comparison approach. The appraised values were derived from observable prices per square foot for comparable properties in similar locations (i.e. Level 2). Please refer to Note 2.2 to the financial statements for definition of Level 1 to 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

(iii) Group as lessor

The Group has entered into operating leases on its investment properties. These leases have terms of between one to three years.

The following are recognised in profit or loss in respect of investment properties:

	GRO	UP
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Rental income from income generating properties	99	104
Direct operating expenses		
- Rental income generating	22	37
- Non-rental income generating	105	11

Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	GRO	UP
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
Within one year	226	78
More than one year and less than five years	114	2
	340	80

6. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for motor vehicles and premises used in its operations that have lease term of between 2 to 3 years. The lease contracts restrict the Group from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

The Group also has certain leases of premise, machinery and equipment with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of office equipment with low value. The Group applies the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases. Such lease payments are charged to profit or loss on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Set out below are the carrying amount of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements during the financial year:

	Motor vehicles RM'000	Premises RM'000	Total RM'000
2021			
Balance at beginning	705	461	1,166
Additions Depreciation	556 (589)	223 (267)	779 (856)
Balance at end	672	417	1,089
2020			
Balance at beginning	1,113	462	1,575
Additions	263	261	524
Depreciation	(616)	(262)	(878)
Derecognition	(55)	-	(55)
Balance at end	705	461	1,166

Lease liabilities

Set out below are the carrying amount of lease liabilities recognised and the movements during the financial year:

	Motor vehicles RM'000	Premises RM'000	Total RM'000
2021			
Balance at beginning	705	461	1,166
Additions	556	223	779
Accretion of interest	24	161	185
Payments	(613)	(428)	(1,041)
Balance at end	672	417	1,089

	Motor vehicles RM'000	Premises RM'000	Total RM'000
2020			
Balance at beginning	1,113	462	1,575
Additions	263	261	524
Accretion of interest	30	31	61
Payments	(646)	(293)	(939)
Derecognition	(55)	<u>-</u> _	(55)
Balance at end	705	461	1,166
		2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Represented by:			
Non-current		375	464
Current		714	702
	-	1,089	1,166

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in Note 35.4 to the financial statements.

The following are the amounts recognised in profit or loss:

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	856	878
Accretion of interest on lease liabilities	185	61
Expenses relating to short term leases	773	678
Expenses relating to lease of low value assets	37	25
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	1,851	1,642

The total cash outflows for leases during the year are RM4,464,000 (2020: RM4,076,000).

7. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	COMP	ANY
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	126,884	126,884

The details of the subsidiaries, all of which were incorporated in Malaysia except where indicated, are as follows:

Effective Equity Interest					
Name of Subsidiaries	2021	2020	Principal Activities		
Public Packages Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing and retailing of corrugated cartons and packing materials.		
PPH Printing & Packaging (Penang) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing of offset printed display boxes.		
PPH Printing & Packaging (Kulim) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing of gift and display boxes.		
Public Packages Properties Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Property investment.		

Name of Subsidiaries	Effective Eq 2021	uity Interest 2020	Principal Activities
PPASIA Media Packaging Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Design and sale of paper products.
PPH Plaza Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Hotel owner and operating of hotel and managing of properties.
PPH Resources Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Investment holding.
PPH Management (M) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Provision of management services.
Indirect - held through Public Packages Sdn. Bhd.			
Public Packages (NT) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing of corrugated cartons.
Public Packages (Prai) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing and retailing of corrugated cartons and packing materials.
Indirect - held through Public Packages Properties Sdn. Bhd. Quay Hotel Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Dormant.
Indirect - held through PPH Resources Sdn. Bhd.			
Public Packages (Shah Alam) Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing and sale of corrugated cartons and packing materials.
PPH Display Design Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Trading of paper products and providing poster printing services.
Public Packages Asia Sdn. Bhd.	100%	100%	Manufacturing of paper products and packaging materials.
Public Packages Asia (S) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated in Singapore)	100%	100%	Total packaging solution provider.

^{*} Not audited by Grant Thronton Malaysia PLT.

8. INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	19,112	19,112	15,100	15,100
Share of post-acquisition results	11,847	10,782	-	-
Less: Dividend received	(1,000)	(1,100)	-	-
	29,959	28,794	15,100	15,100

The details of the joint ventures, all of which were incorporated in Malaysia, except where indicated, are as follows:

	Effective Ec	quity Interest	
Name of Entities	2021	2020	Principal Activities
^ PPH Teckwah Value Chain Sdn. Bhd. ("PTVC")	50%	50%	Investment holding and the provision of management services to related companies.
New Merit Development Sdn. Bhd. ("NMD")	50%	50%	Investment holding.

	Effective Equity Interest			
Name of Entities	2021	2020	Principal Activities	
Indirect held through PPH Resources Sdn. Bhd.				
^ Kywa Tha PPH Co., Ltd (Incorporated in Myanmar)	25%	25%	Manufacturing, sale and export of paper products and packaging.	

. ^ Not audited by Grant Thornton Malaysia PLT.

In the prior financial years, the Group had fully impaired its investment in Kyaw Tha PPH Co., Ltd. and no financial information is presented due to insignificance and immateriality of this investment to the Group.

The following table summarises the financial information of PTVC and NMD, adjusted for entries to facilitate the equity method by the Group, any differences in accounting policies and reconciled the information to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the joint ventures, which are accounted for using the equity method.

	G	R	O	U	P
--	---	---	---	---	---

GROUP	PTVC RM'000	NMD RM'000	Total RM'000
As at 31 December 2021			
Assets and liabilities			
Non-current assets	11,333	45,000	56,333
Current assets excluding cash and bank balances	16,830	140	16,970
Cash and bank balances	6,651	1,908	8,559
Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	(1,495) (5,686)	(13,853) (909)	(15,348) (6,595)
Current natinties	(3,080)	(909)	(0,393)
Net assets	27,633	32,286	59,919
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount			
Group's share of net assets, representing carrying amount in the statements of financial position	13,816	16,143	29,959
Year ended 31 December 2021			·
Results			
Revenue	39,725	2,166	41,891
Cost of sales excluding depreciation	(22,808)	-	(22,808)
Depreciation	(1,781)	-	(1,781)
Other income excluding interest income	871	2,000	2,871
Interest income	26	(464)	26
Interest expense Other expenses	(53) (14,624)	(464) (209)	(517) (14,833)
•		(209)	(14,033)
Profit before tax	1,356	3,493	4,849
Tax expense	(175)	(344)	(519)
Profit for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year	1 101	2 140	4 220
income for the infancial year	1,181	3,149	4,330
Group's share of total comprehensive income	591	1,574	2,165
Contingent liabilities			
Corporate guarantee extended by PTVC to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary of PTVC	5,100	_	5,100
<i>y y</i> ,	-, , , ,		-,

	PTVC RM'000	NMD RM'000	TOTAL RM'000
As at 31 December 2020			
Assets and liabilities Non-current assets Current assets excluding cash and bank balances Cash and bank balances Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	10,680 15,773 9,893 (1,361) (6,534)	43,000 970 688 (14,777) (744)	53,680 16,743 10,581 (16,138) (7,278)
Net assets	28,451	29,137	57,588
Reconciliation of net assets to carrying amount Group's share of net assets, representing carrying amount in the statements of financial position	14,226	14,568	28,794
Year ended 31 December 2020			
Results Revenue Cost of sales excluding depreciation Depreciation Other income excluding interest income Interest income Interest expense Other expenses	41,100 (22,725) (1,739) 497 27 (13) (14,672)	1,862 - 11,073 - (556) (348)	42,962 (22,725) (1,739) 11,570 27 (569) (15,020)
Profit before tax Tax expense	2,475 (670)	12,031 (1,617)	14,506 (2,287)
Profit for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the financial year	1,805	10,414	12,219
Group's share of total comprehensive income	903	6,743	7,646
Contigent liabilities Corporate guarantee extended by PTVC to licensed banks for banking facilities granted to a subsidiary of PTVC	5,100		5,100

9. **AMOUNT DUE FROM SUBSIDIARIES**

	COM	PANY
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Non-current	2,333	2,602
Current	1,344	515

The amount due from subsidiaries is non-trade, unsecured, non-interest bearing and classified based on expected timing of realisation.

10. **OTHER INVESTMENTS**

	GROUP		COMP	ANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Non-current assets				
Financial assests at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Quoted equity investments				
- In Malaysia	244	227	-	-
- In Singapore	1,365	1,346	-	-
Total carrying amount	1,609	1,573	*	*
Current assets				
Financial assests at fair value through profit or loss				
Investment in unit trusts	25,149			-

^{*} Represents RM1

11. **INVENTORIES**

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
At cost			
Raw materials	8,544	7,018	
Work-in-progress	1,548	974	
Finished goods	5,916	5,022	
Consumables	1,011	877	
	17,019	13,891	
Cost of inventories recognised in profit or loss:			
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	129,291	123,846	
Inventories written down	118		

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Trade receivables	44,450	49,844	
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses			
Balance at beginning	(342)	(147)	
Current year	-	(195)	
Reversal	156	-	
Written off	77	-	
Balance at end	(109)	(342)	
	44,341	49,502	

The currency profile of trade receivables is as follows:

	GROUP		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Ringgit Malaysia United States Dollar Singapore Dollar	34,619 8,621 1,101	40,072 7,871 1,559	
	44,341	49,502	

The trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on **30 to 120 days** (2020: 30 to 120 days) credit terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent the fair values on initial recognition.

13. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Sundry receivables	1,163	1,092	700	700
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(782)	(782)	(700)	(700)
	381	310	-	-
Refundable deposits	374	395	2	2
Non-refundable deposits	1,675	1,678	-	-
Prepayments	978	923	-	-
	3,408	3,306	2	2

The currency profile of other receivables, deposits and prepayments is as follows:

	GRO	GROUP		PANY
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia Singapore Dollar	3,370 38	3,251 55	2	2
	3,408	3,306	2	2

14. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unencumbered:				
Short term funds with a licensed financial				
institution	43,138	50,497	17,915	7,639
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	500	100	-	-
Cash in hand and at banks	31,300	29,301	6,543	6,239
	74,938	79,898	24,458	13,878
Encumbered:				
Fixed deposits with licensed banks	228	223	-	-
	75,166	80,121	24,458	13,878

The currency profile of cash and bank balances is as follows:

	GRO	OUP	COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	63,221	71,075	24,458	13,878
United States Dollar	5,974	3,315	-	-
Singapore Dollar	5,956	5,716	-	-
Australian Dollar	15	15	-	
	75,166	80,121	24,458	13,878

Short term funds with a licensed financial institution of the Group and of the Company are primarily invested in money market. The funds can be redeemed at any point in time upon request.

The encumbered fixed deposits of the Group are pledged to licensed banks as securities for banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

The effective interest rates per annum and maturities of the fixed deposits with licensed banks of the Group as at the end of the reporting period range from **0.98% to 2.35%** (2020: 1.80% to 2.37%) per annum and **1 month to 12 months** (2020: 1 month to 12 months) respectively.

15. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of ordinary shares		Amou	ınt
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	'000	'000	RM'000	RM'000
Issued and fully paid with no par value:				
Balance at beginning	188,624	188,624	94,361	94,361
Issuance of shares pursuant to:				
- Exercise of ESOS	81	-	62	-
- Exercise of ESGS	211	-	173	-
Transfer of ESOS reserve upon exercised	-	-	18	-
Transfer of ESGS reserve upon exercised	-	-	173	-
Balance at end	188,916	188,624	94,787	94,361

During the financial year, the Company had increased its issued and fully paid up ordinary share capital by way of:

- (i) Issuance of 81,000 (2020: Nil) new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of ESOS at an exercise price of RM0.785 and RM0.750 (2020: RM Nil) per ESOS for a total cash consideration of RM61,905 (2020: RM Nil). Upon the exercise of the ESOS, the related fair value of the ESOS amounting to RM17,547 (2020: RM Nil) was transferred from the ESOS reserve to share capital.
- (ii) Issuance of **211,500** (2020: Nil) new ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of ESGS at an exercise price of **RM0.785** and **RM0.830** (2020: RM Nil) per ESGS for a total amount of **RM173,768** (2020: RM Nil). Upon the exercise of the ESGS, the related fair value of the ESGS amounting to **RM173,768** (2020: RM Nil) was transferred from the ESGS reserve to share capital.

16. **REVALUATION RESERVE**

GROUP

Included in the revaluation reserve of the group are an amount of:

- (i) **RM482,241** (2020: RM482,241) in respect of the surplus on revaluation of property net of deferred tax in prior years and is non-distributable; and
- (ii) **RM4,446,471** (2020: RM Nil) in respect of increase in the fair value of property, plant and equipment net of tax, as a result of change in use of the Group's owner-occupied property to investment property that was carried at fair value at the date of change in use.

17. ESOS AND ESGS RESERVE

GROUP AND COMPANY

ESOS and ESGS reserve represent the equity-settled share options and share grants respectively awarded to the employees of certain subsidiaries and the Company's executive directors. This reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from the employees recorded on the grant date of share options and share grants, and is reduced by the exercise or lapse of share options and share grants.

18. FAIR VALUE ADJUSTMENT RESERVE

GROUP

Fair value adjustment reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes, net of tax, recognised through other comprehensive income until they are disposed.

19. FOREIGN TRANSLATION RESERVE

GROUP

This is in respect of foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

20. **RETAINED PROFITS**

COMPANY

The franking of dividends of the Company is under the single tier system and therefore there is no restriction on the Company to distribute dividends subject to the availability of retained profits.

21. BORROWINGS

	GROU	J P	COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Non-current liabilities				
Secured:				
Finance lease liabilities				
Minimum payments:				
Within one year	1,141	2,783	=	-
More than one year and less than two years	408	1,083	-	-
More than two years and less than five years	87	543	-	-
More than five years	<u> </u>	10		-
	1,636	4,419	-	-
Future finance charges	(65)	(235)	-	-
	1,571	4,184	-	-
Amount due within one year included under	(1.004)	(2.620)		
current liabilities	(1,094)	(2,620)		
	477	1,564	-	-
Term loans				
Total amount repayable	8,095	8,406	_] [-
Amount due within one year included under				
current liabilities	(1,221)	(1,440)	-	-
•	6,874	6,966	-	-
Balance carried forward	7,351	8,530		-
•			-	

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Balance brought forward	7,351	8,530	-	-
Current liabilities				
Secured:				
Bank overdrafts	1,396	1,448	418	137
Bill payables	6,876	13,800	-	-
Finance lease liabilities	1,094	2,620	-	-
Term loans	1,221	1,440	-	_
Murabahah financing	3,496	2,414	-	-
	14,083	21,722	418	137
Total borrowings	21,434	30,252	418	137

The borrowings are secured by way of:

- (i) legal charge over the freehold land of a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements;
- (ii) legal charge over the investment properties of a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements;
- (iii) pledged of fixed deposits with licensed banks of certain subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements;
- (iv) negative pledge;
- (v) joint and several guarantee of subsidiaries;
- (vi) corporate guarantees of the Company; and
- (vii) leased assets as disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

A summary of the effective interest rates per annum and the maturities of the borrowings is as follows:

	Effective interest rates per annum (%)	Total RM'000	Within one year RM'000	More than one year and less than two years RM'000	More than two years and less than five years RM'000	More than five years RM'000
GROUP						
2021						
Bank overdrafts Bill payables Finance lease liabilities Term loans Murabahah financing	6.45 to 6.95 3.00 to 3.60 2.54 to 3.37 5.60 to 6.60 3.15 to 6.75	1,396 6,876 1,571 8,095 3,496	1,396 6,876 1,094 1,221 3,496	393 2,086	84 3,988	- - - 800
2020						
Bank overdrafts Bill payables Finance lease liabilities Term loans Murabahah financing	6.60 to 6.95 2.97 to 3.63 2.54 to 3.37 5.60 to 6.60 3.15 to 6.75	1,448 13,800 4,184 8,406 2,414	1,448 13,800 2,620 1,440 2,414	1,033 1,677	522 5,279	- 9 10
COMPANY						
2021						
Bank overdraft	6.95	418	418	-	-	-
2020						
Bank overdraft	6.95	137	137	-	-	-

22. **DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES**

	GROUP			
	2021 20			
	RM'000	RM'000		
Balance at beginning	9,121	8,162		
Recognised in profit or loss	143	825		
Recognised in other comprehensive income	1,404	(96)		
	10,668	8,891		
Under provision in prior year	41	230		
Balance at end	10,709	9,121		

The recognised deferred tax liabilities/(assets), after appropriate offsetting, are as follows:

	GRO	GROUP		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000		
Deferred tax liabilities Deferred tax assets	10,709	9,232 (111)		
	10,709	9,121		

The deferred tax liabilities/(assets) as at the end of the reporting period are represented by temporary differences arising from:

GROUP		
2020		
M'000		
6,466		
163		
2,836		
(292)		
-		
(52)		
9,121		

23. TRADE PAYABLES

The currency profile of trade payables is as follows:

	GROUP		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Ringgit Malaysia United States Dollar	12,984 147 48	8,924 351 40	
Singapore Dollar	13,179	9,315	

The trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on **30 to 120 days** (2020: 30 to 120 days) credit terms.

24. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	GROUP		COMI	PANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Other payables	2,954	4,638	-	3
Accruals	5,245	4,802	31	31
Deposits received	412	207	-	_
GST payable	30	46	-	-
SST payable	953	1,115	-	-
	9,594	10,808	31	34

The currency profile of other payables and accruals is as follows:

	GRO	GROUP		ANY
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Ringgit Malaysia	9,301	10,261	31	34
Singapore Dollar	291	417	-	-
United States Dollar	2	130	-	-
	9,594	10,808	31	34

Included in the other payables of the Group is an amount of:

- (i) **RM61,290** (2020: RM16,968) due to a company in which certain directors of the Company have financial interests; and
- (ii) **RM16,713** (2020: RM Nil) due to a company in which certain directors of the Company have directorship.

The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

25. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Balance at beginning	2,460	1,672	
Revenue recognised during the year	(1,066)	(1,189)	
Deposits received during the year	3,355	1,977	
Balance at end	4,749	2,460	

Contract liabilities represent deposits received from customers in advance for sales orders before commencing production activity. The deposits will be reversed and recognised as revenue upon satisfying the performance obligation.

All deposits received are expected to be recognised as revenue within one year from the date of receipt.

26. **REVENUE**

26.1 **Disaggregated revenue information**

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Types of revenue				
Sales of goods	190,423	182,616	-	-
Hotel operation income	5,620	7,009	-	-
Rental income	494	512	-	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	196,537	190,137	-	-
Gross dividend from				
- a joint venture	-	_	1,000	1,100
- subsidiaries	-	-	10,000	10,000
- short term funds	271	139	271	139
Other revenue	271	139	11,271	11,239
Total revenue	196,808	190,276	11,271	11,239
Timing of revenue recognition				
At a point in time	190,043	189,625	-	-
Over Time	494	512	-	-
Total revenue from contracts with customers	190,537	190,137	-	-

Geographical segments

Timing of revenue recognition	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Malaysia	181,524	177,471	-	-
Asia Pacific	13,266	12,016	-	-
United States of America	1,294	302	-	-
Europe	451	338	-	-
Others	2	10	-	-
	196,537	190,137	-	-

26.2 **Performance obligations**

Performance obligations of respective revenue are disclosed in Note 3.10 to the financial statements.

Unsatisfied performance obligations

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations of the Group (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) to be fulfilled within one year as at the end of the reporting period is **RM4,748,669** (2020: RM2,460,239).

26.3 Variable considerations

There are no material variable considerations noted during the year.

27. COST OF SALES

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
Direct operating costs from sales of goods	128,825	123,262	
Hotel operation expenses	6,694	7,117	
	135,519	130,379	

28. **PROFIT BEFORE TAX**

This is arrived at:

After charging: Auditors' remuneration Company's auditors Statutory audit - current year 155 155 26 26 26 26 26 26 26		GROUP		COMPANY	
Auditors' remuneration - Company's auditors - statutory audit - current year - over provision in prior year - other services - other services - other services - other auditors - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - other auditors - other auditors - other auditors - other auditors - other auditors - other auditors - statutory audit - other auditors - other		2021	2020	2021	2020
- Company's auditors - statutory audit - current year - over provision in prior year - other services - other services - other services - other auditors - statutory audit - current year - other auditors - statutory audit - current year - statutory audit - other auditors - statutory audit - statutory	After charging:				
- statutory audit - current year	Auditors' remuneration				
- other services - other services - 10 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	- Company's auditors				
- other services - Other auditors - Other auditors - statutory audit - Allowances for expected credit losses - Statutory audit - Allowances for expected credit losses - 195 - 195 - 195 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19 - 19	- statutory audit - current year	155	155	26	26
- Other auditors - statutory audit Allowances for expected credit losses Bad debts - 195 - 196 Bad debts - 197 Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Best of term leases Directors' fee for non-executive directors Expenses relating to short term leases Total use loss on investment properties There is a companient of term lease of low value assets Total use loss on investment properties There is a companient of term lease of low value assets Total use loss on property, plant and equipment There is a companient of loss on property, plant and equipment There is a companient of loss on property, plant and equipment There is a companient of loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss of loss of loss of loss of loss on foreign exchange Total there is a companient of loss of	 over provision in prior year 	-	(1)	-	-
- statutory audit Allowances for expected credit losses Bad debts Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Base 856 Brase 78 Directors' fee for non-executive directors Directors' fee for non-executive directors Trase 856 Expenses relating to short term leases Trase 877 Trase 878 Expenses relating to lease of low value assets Trair value loss on investment properties Trair value loss on investment properties Trair value loss on property, plant and equipment Trail 1,004 Trase 7 Interest expense Trail 1,004 Trase 7 Interest expense Trase 1,411 Trase 7 Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trase 9 Realised loss on foreign exchange Trase 9 **Staff costs Trace 9 And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary Trace 9 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trace 9 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trace 9 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trace 9 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trace 9 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from a 9 Subsidiary Trace 9 Accretion of interest on amount due from 18 Accretion of interest on amount due from 18 Accretion of interest on a	- other services	10	3	3	3
Allowances for expected credit losses	- Other auditors				
Bad debts		14	14	-	-
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment 9,349 9,690 . . .	Allowances for expected credit losses	-	195	-	-
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 856 878 78 78 78 78 78 78	Bad debts	-		9	-
Directors' fee for non-executive directors 78 78 78 78 Expenses relating to short term leases 773 678 - - Expenses relating to lease of low value assets 37 25 - - Expenses relating to lease of low value assets 37 25 - - Fair value loss on investment properties 100 5 - - Impairment loss on investment properties 100 5 - - Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment - 1,004 - - *Interest expense 1,411 1,907 24 538 Inventories written down 118 - - - Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - 1 - - Pacition of of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - 16 - - Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gai	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	9,349	9,690	-	-
Expenses relating to short term leases 773 678 - - Expenses relating to lease of low value assets 37 25 - - Fair value loss on investment properties 100 5 - - Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment - 1,004 - - * Interest expense 1,411 1,907 24 538 Inventories written down 118 - - - Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - 1 - - Property, plant and equipment written off - 199 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 16 - - *** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gain	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	856	878	-	-
Expenses relating to lease of low value assets 37 25 - - Fair value loss on investment properties 100 5 - - Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment - 1,004 - - * Interest expense 1,411 1,907 24 538 Inventories written down 118 - - - Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - 1 - - Property, plant and equipment written off - 199 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 16 - - *** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - And crediting: - 16 - - Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - short term funds 1,179 904	Directors' fee for non-executive directors	78	78	78	78
Fair value loss on investment properties 100 5 - - Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment - 1,004 - - * Interest expense 1,411 1,907 24 538 Inventories written down 118 - - - Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - 1 - - Property, plant and equipment written off - 199 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 16 - - ** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - ** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - And crediting: - - - 101 - Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - - - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - short term funds 1,179 904 -	Expenses relating to short term leases	773	678	-	-
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment - 1,004 - - -		37	25	-	-
* Interest expense	Fair value loss on investment properties	100	5	-	-
Inventories written down	Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	-	1,004	-	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment written off Property, plant and equipment written off Realised loss on foreign exchange Table 199 Realised loss on foreign exchange Table 20 *** Staff costs And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary Interest income Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gross dividend from - quoted equity shares - short term funds Realised gain on foreign exchange Rental income 1 1	* Interest expense	1,411	1,907	24	538
Property, plant and equipment written off - 199 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 16 - - ** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - quoted equity shares 54 50 - - - short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -	Inventories written down	118	_	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off - 199 - - Realised loss on foreign exchange - 16 - - ** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - quoted equity shares 54 50 - - - short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1	-	-
** Staff costs 45,113 45,918 20 - And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary 101 - Interest income 26 45 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 Gross dividend from - quoted equity shares 54 50 - short term funds 1,179 904 Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 Rental income 296 256		-	199	-	-
And crediting: Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary Interest income Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gross dividend from quoted equity shares short term funds Realised gain on foreign exchange Rental income Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary - 101 - 101 - 101	Realised loss on foreign exchange	-	16	-	-
Accretion of interest on amount due from a subsidiary 101 - Interest income 26 45 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 Gross dividend from - quoted equity shares 54 50 short term funds 1,179 904 Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 Rental income 296 256	** Staff costs	45,113	45,918	20	-
subsidiary - - 101 - Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - quoted equity shares 54 50 - - - short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -	And crediting:				
Interest income 26 45 - - Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment 60 24 - - Gross dividend from - - - - - quoted equity shares 54 50 - - - short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -				101	
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gross dividend from - quoted equity shares - short term funds Realised gain on foreign exchange Rental income 60 24	•	-	-	101	-
Gross dividend from - quoted equity shares 54 50				-	-
- quoted equity shares 54 50 - - - short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -		60	24	-	-
- short term funds 1,179 904 - - Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 - - Rental income 296 256 - -					
Realised gain on foreign exchange 423 150 Rental income 296 256		- -		-	-
Rental income 296 256		,		-	-
				-	-
Reversal of allowance for expected credit losses 156			256	-	-
	Reversal of allowance for expected credit losses	156	-	<u> </u>	

GROUP		COMPANY	
2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
185	61	-	-
108	180	24	10
300	647	-	-
170	283	-	-
148	66	-	-
500	670	-	-
-	-	-	528
1,411	1,907	24	538
-	109	-	_
40,245	41,070	-	-
4,230	4,265	-	-
445	474	-	-
193	-	20	-
45,113	45,918	20	-
	2021 RM'000 185 108 300 170 148 500 - 1,411 - 40,245 4,230 445 193	RM'000 RM'000 185 61 108 180 300 647 170 283 148 66 500 670 - - 1,411 1,907 - 109 40,245 41,070 4,230 4,265 445 474 193 -	2021 2020 2021 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 185 61 - 108 180 24 300 647 - 170 283 - 148 66 - 500 670 - - - - 1,411 1,907 24

Directors' emoluments

Included in the Group's and the Company's staff costs is directors' emoluments as follows:

	GRO	UP	COMPANY	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Executive directors of the Company:				
- Salaries, allowance and bonus	2,314	2,414	-	-
- EPF	432	457	-	-
- SOCSO and EIS	7	7	-	-
- Equity-settled share-based payment	18	-	1	-
	2,771	2,878	1	-
- Benefits-in-kind	91	70	<u> </u>	
	2,862	2,948	1	-
Executive directors of subsidiaries:				
- Director's fee	-	109	-	-
- Salaries, allowance and bonus	2,035	2,254	-	-
- EPF	316	323	-	-
- SOCSO and EIS	4	5	-	-
- Equity-settled share-based payment	107	-	13	-
	2,462	2,691	13	-
- Benefits-in-kind	65	74	<u> </u>	-
	2,527	2,765	13	
Total executive directors' emoluments	5,389	5,713	14	-

29. TAX (EXPENSE)/INCOME

	GRO	UP	COMI	PANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Based on results for the financial year - Current tax				
- Malaysian income tax	(6,980)	(7,795)	_	_
- Foreign tax	(21)	(200)	-	
	(7,001)	(7,995)	-	
- Deferred tax relating to the origination and				
reversal of temporary differences	(143)	(825)	-	-
	(7,144)	(8,820)	-	-
(Under)/Over provision in prior year				
- Current tax	(368)	192	-	3
- Deferred tax	(41)	(230)	-	-
	(409)	(38)	-	3
	(7,553)	(8,858)	-	3

Taxation for other jurisdiction is calculated at the rate prevailing in that jurisdiction.

The reconciliation of tax (expense)/income of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Profit before tax Less: Share of results of joint ventures	31,225 (2,165)	35,981 (7,646)	11,088	10,472	
•	29,060	28,335	11,088	10,472	
Income tax at Malaysian statutory tax					
rate of 24%	(6,974)	(6,800)	(2,661)	(2,513)	
Different tax rates in foreign jurisdiction	20	122	-	-	
Income not subject to tax	361	262	2,729	2,697	
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	(903)	(756)	(68)	(184)	
Effect of double deduction	80	61	-	-	
Utilisation of reinvestment allowance	191	316	-	-	
Utilisation of unrecognised unused tax					
losses and unabsorbed capital allowances	5	48	-	-	
Deferred tax assets not recognised	(629)	(459)	-	-	
Reversal of deferred tax assets on unused					
tax losses previously recognised	-	(1,758)	-	-	
Deferred tax assets recognised on					
unabsorbed reinvestment allowance	792	-	=	-	
Effect of Real Property Gains Tax applied on					
the fair value changes of the investment					
properties	(174)	(163)	-	-	
Annual crystallisation of deferred tax on					
revaluation reserve	87	307	-	-	
	(7,144)	(8,820)	-		
(Under)/Over provision in prior year	(409)	(38)	-	3	
·	(7,553)	(8,858)	-	3	

The following deferred tax assets (gross amount) have not been recognised as at the end of the reporting period as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be available against which they may be utilised:

	GRO	UP	COME	PANY
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
Unused tax losses	8,995	8,986	-	-
Unabsorbed capital allowances	4,869	2,254	190	190
Others	37	60	-	-
	13,901	11,300	190	190

The gross amount and future availability of unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances which are available to be carried forward for set-off against future taxable income are estimated as follows:

GRO	UP	COMPANY		
2021	2020	2021	2020	
RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
8,995	8,986	-	-	
11,389	11,280	190	190	
3,301	-	-	-	
	2021 RM'000 8,995 11,389	RM'000 RM'000 8,995 8,986 11,389 11,280	2021 2020 2021 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 8,995 8,986 - 11,389 11,280 190	

The unused tax losses can be carried forward for **ten** (2020: seven) consecutive years of assessment immediately following that year of assessment ("YA") of which tax losses was incurred and this is effective from YA 2018. Unabsorbed reinvestment allowance at the end of the qualifying reinvestment allowance period of fifteen years can be carried forward for seven consecutive years of assessment. However, unabsorbed capital allowance can be carried forward indefinitely.

The unabsorbed reinvestment allowance will expire in the YA 2028, while the unused tax losses will expire in the following YAs:

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	
YA 2025	-	5,216	
YA 2026	-	1,790	
YA 2027	-	1,980	
YA 2028	5,196	-	
YA 2029	1,790	-	
YA 2030	1,946	-	
YA 2031	63	-	
	8,995	8,986	

30. EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company for the financial year by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year as follows:

	GROUP		
	2021	2020	
Profit for the financial year (RM'000)	23,672	27,123	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	188,683	188,624	
Basic earnings per share (sen)	12.55	14.38	

(b) **Diluted earnings per share**

The diluted earnings per share of the Group is calculated by dividing the profit for the financial year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares arising from shares granted to employees as follows.

	GROU	J P
	2021	2020
Profit for the financial year (RM'000)	23,672	27,123
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	188,683	188,624
Adjustment for dilutive effect of ESOS ('000)	7	-
	188,690	188,624
Diluted earnings per share (sen)	12.55	14.38
DIVIDEND		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2020 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share	472	-
In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2019 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share	-	472
	472	472
CAPITAL COMMITMENTS		
	GROU	J P
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment - Contracted but not provided for	4,017	4,800
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) Adjustment for dilutive effect of ESOS ('000) Diluted earnings per share (sen) DIVIDEND In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2020 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2019 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share CAPITAL COMMITMENTS	Profit for the financial year (RM'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) Adjustment for dilutive effect of ESOS ('000) 7 188,683 Adjustment for dilutive effect of ESOS ('000) 7 188,690 Diluted earnings per share (sen) 12.55 DIVIDEND In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2020 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share In respect of financial year ended 31 December 2019 - Single tier interim dividend of RM0.0025 per share CAPITAL COMMITMENTS GROUD 2021 RM'000 Property, plant and equipment

33. **SEGMENTAL INFORMATION**

Segmental information is presented in respect of the Group's business and geographical segments. The primary format and business segments are based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. Inter-segment pricing is determined based on negotiated terms.

Segment results and assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis.

Business Segments

The operations of the Group are organised into the following main business segments:

(i)	Investment	Investment holding and provision of financial,
		administrative and advisory services.
(ii)	Manufacturing	Manufacturing and retailing of corrugated cartons, packing materials, gift and display box.

(iii)	Property	Property investment.
(iv)	Trading	Trading of paper products, design and sale of paper.
(v)	Hospitality	Management and operation of hotel and restaurant.

Performance is measured based on segment operating profit as included in the internal management reports that are reviewed by the Group's Chief Executive Officer (the chief operating decision maker). Segment profit is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of certain segments relative to other entities that operate within these industries. Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment.

Inter-segment revenue is priced along the same lines as sales to external customers and is eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. These policies have been applied consistently throughout the current financial year and previous financial year.

Segment assets exclude tax assets and unallocated assets.

Segment liabilities exclude tax liabilities and unallocated liabilities.

	Investment RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	Property RM'000	Trading RM'000	Hospitality RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Note	Total RM'000
2021								
Revenue External sales Inter-segment sales	271 16,458	182,174 56,538	99 630	8,249 4	6,015	(73,630)	A	196,808
Total revenue	16,729	238,712	729	8,253	6,015	(73,630)		196,808
Result Segment results Interest income Interest expense Share of results of joint ventures	110	32,064	(390)	300	(1,766)	-		30,318 26 (1,284) 2,165
Profit before tax Tax expense Profit for the financial								31,225 (7,553)
Assets Segment assets Investment in joint ventures Current tax assets Total assets	18,211	216,061	4,835	10,590	82,799	-		23,672 332,496 29,959 814 363,269
Liabilities Segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Current tax liabilities Total liabilities	453	40,806	63	1,596	7,127	-		50,045 10,709 1,137 61,891
Other segment information Additions to non-current assets Depreciation Non-cash (income)/expother than	- -	8,485 6,961	- 4	218 211	56 3,029	- -	В	8,759 10,205
depreciation	193	(75)	100	-	(23)	-	C	195

Investment RM'000	Manufacturing RM'000	Property RM'000	Trading RM'000	Hospitality RM'000	Eliminations RM'000	Note	Total RM'000
139 16,153	173,057 47,431	104 630	9,559	7,417	(64,237)	A	190,276
16,292	220,488	734	9,563	7,436	(64,237)		190,276
(111)	30,455	(282)	1,659	(1,524)	-		30,197 45 (1,907) 7,646
							35,981 (8,858) 27,123
14,000	200,020	5,008	10,654	81,016	-		310,698 28,794 336 339,828
175	44,499	59	1,510	7,758	-		54,001 9,121 3,369 66,491
- - -	1,501 6,955	- 4 5	- 87	2,015 3,522 60		В	3,516 10,568 1,399
	139 16,153 16,292 (111)	RM'000 RM'000 139 173,057 16,153 47,431 16,292 220,488 (111) 30,455 14,000 200,020 175 44,499 tion - 1,501 - 6,955	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 139 173,057 104 16,153 47,431 630 16,292 220,488 734 (111) 30,455 (282) 14,000 200,020 5,008 175 44,499 59 tion - 1,501 6,955 4	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 139 173,057 104 9,559 16,153 47,431 630 4 16,292 220,488 734 9,563 (111) 30,455 (282) 1,659 14,000 200,020 5,008 10,654 175 44,499 59 1,510 - 1,501 6,955 4 87	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 139 173,057 104 9,559 7,417 19 16,153 47,431 630 4 19 16,292 220,488 734 9,563 7,436 (111) 30,455 (282) 1,659 (1,524) 14,000 200,020 5,008 10,654 81,016 175 44,499 59 1,510 7,758 tion - 1,501 2,015 - 6,955 4 87 3,522	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 139 173,057 104 9,559 7,417 - 16,153 47,431 630 4 19 (64,237) 16,292 220,488 734 9,563 7,436 (64,237) (111) 30,455 (282) 1,659 (1,524) - 175 44,499 59 1,510 7,758 - 175 44,499 59 1,510 7,758 - 100 - 1,501 2,015 - 1,501 2,015 - 1,505 4 87 3,522 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 3,522 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 2,015 - - 1,501 - 1,501 - 1,501	RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 RM'000 Note 139

Notes to segmental information:

A Inter-segment revenue are eliminated on consolidation.

B Additions to non-current assets consist of:

)21 I'000	2020 RM'000
Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets	7,980 779	2,992 524
	8,759	3,516

C Other material non-cash (income)/expenses other than depreciation consist of the following items:

	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Allowance for expected credit losses	-	195
Bad debts	-	19
Equity-settled share-based payments	193	-
Fair value loss on investment properties	100	5
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(60)	(24)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	-	1,004
Inventories written down	118	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	1
Property, plant and equipment written off	-	199
Reversal of allowance for expected credit losses	(156)	-
	195	1,399

Geographical segments

Revenue and non-current assets information based on the geographical location of customers and non-current assets respectively are as follows:

	Revenue		Non-current assets		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Malaysia	181,795	177,610	195,838	191,087	
Asia Pacific	13,266	12,016	1,535	1,585	
United States of America	1,294	302	<u>-</u>	_	
Europe	451	338	-	-	
Others	2	10	-	-	
	196,808	190,276	197,373	192,672	

Information about major customers

There is no single customer that contributed to 10% or more of the Group's revenue during the financial year.

34. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) Identity of related parties

The Group has related party relationship with its subsidiaries, joint ventures, key management personnel and the following parties:

Related parties	Relationship
Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd. :	A substantial shareholder of the Company and connected to Mr. Koay Chiew Poh.
Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd. :	A company in which the directors of the Company, namely Koay Chiew Poh, Koay Chiew Kang and Koay Chue Beng, have substantial financial interests.
Peoples Primary Healthcare Sdn. : Bhd.	A company in which the directors of the Company, namely Koay Teng Liang and Koay Teng Kheong, have substantial financial interests.
Peoples Primary Pharmacy Sdn. : Bhd.	A company in which person connected to directors of the Company, namely Koay Chiew Poh and Koay Teng Kheong have directorship.

(ii) Related Parties Transactions

Related party transactions have been entered into at terms agreed between the parties during the financial year.

	GRO	U P	COMP	PANY
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Dividend income from subsidiaries	-	-	10,000	10,000
Dividend income from a joint venture	-	-	1,000	1,100
Accommodation charges by a subsidiary	-	-	-	5
Rental of premises paid to related parties - Fame Pack Holdings Sdn.				
Bhd.	233	215	-	-
- Koay Boon Pee Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	83	84	-	-
Rental of premise paid to certain directors of the Company	60	78	-	-
Rental of premise paid to a director of a subsidiary	24	6	-	-
Rental of motor vehicles paid to a related party - Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd.	613	646	-	-
Medical care and supplies paid to a related party - Peoples Primary Healthcare Sdn. Bhd.	269	180	-	-
- Peoples Primary Pharmacy Sdn. Bhd.	68	-	<u> </u>	-

(iii) Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are those persons including directors having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group and of the Company, either directly or indirectly.

The remuneration of the directors and other members of key management during the financial year is as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Directors' fees Salaries and other short-term employee	78	187	78	78
benefits	6,567	6,809	-	-
Defined contribution plan	1,091	1,107	-	-
Equity-settled share-based payment	164			-
	7,900	8,103	96	78

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000
Analysed as: - Directors - Key management personnel	5,467 2,433	5,791 2,312	92 4	78
	7,900	8,103	96	78

35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

35.1 Categories of financial instruments

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments categorised as fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), amortised cost ("AC") and fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

	Carrying amount RM'000	FVTPL RM'000	AC RM'000	FVOCI RM'000
GROUP				
2021				
Financial assets Other investments Trade receivables Other receivables and refundable deposits Cash and bank balances	26,758 44,341 755 75,166	25,149 - -	44,341 755 75,166	1,609 - - -
	147,020	25,149	120,262	1,609
Financial liabilities Borrowings excluding finance lease liabilities Trade payables Other payables and accruals excluding GST and SST payable	19,863 13,179 8,611 41,653	- - -	19,863 13,179 8,611 41,653	- - -
2020				
Financial assets Other investments Trade receivables Other receivables and refundable deposits Cash and bank balances	1,573 49,502 705 80,121	- - - -	49,502 705 80,121	1,573
	131,901	-	130,328	1,573
Financial liabilities Borrowings excluding finance lease liabilities Trade payables Other payables and accruals excluding GST and SST payable	26,068 9,315 9,647	- - -	26,068 9,315 9,647	- - -
	45,030	-	45,030	-

	Carrying amount RM'000	FVTPL RM'000	AC RM'000	FVOCI RM'000
COMPANY				
2021				
Financial assets Other investment Other receivables and refundable deposits Amount due from subsidiaries Cash and bank balances	* 2 3,677 24,458	- - - -	3,677 24,458	* - - -
	28,137	-	28,137	-
Financial liabilities Borrowings Other payables and accruals	418 31 449	- - -	418 31 449	- - -
2020				
Financial assets Other investments Other receivables and refundable deposits Amount due from subsidiaries Cash and bank balances	3,117 13,878 16,997	- - - -	3,117 13,878 16,997	* - - -
Financial liabilities Borrowings Other payables and accruals	137 34 171	-	137 34	- -
	1/1	-	1/1	-

^{*} Represent RM1

35.2 Financial risk management

The Group and the Company are exposed to a variety of financial risks arising from their operations. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and equity price risk. The Group and the Company operate within clearly defined guidelines that are approved by the Board and the Group's policy is not to engage in speculative activities.

35.3 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group and to the Company. The Group's exposure to credit risk arises principally from its trade receivables. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from advances to subsidiaries and financial guarantees provided to financial institutions in respect of credit facilities granted to certain subsidiaries.

35.3.1 Trade receivables

The Group extends credit terms to the customers that range between 30 to 120 days. Credit terms extended to its customers is based on careful evaluation on the customers' financial condition and payment history. Receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis via Group's management reporting procedures and action will be taken for long outstanding debts. In order to further minimise its exposure to credit risk, the Group requires deposits from the customers.

The maximum exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables is represented by the carrying amount in the statements of financial position.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables of the Group as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	Gross RM'000	Allowance for expected credit losses RM'000	Net RM'000
GROUP			
2021			
Not past due	34,792	-	34,792
1 to 30 days past due 31 to 60 days past due 61 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due Impaired	7,000 1,730 699 120 9,549 109	(109)	7,000 1,730 699 120 9,549 -
2020			
Not past due	36,936	-	36,936
1 to 30 days past due 31 to 60 days past due 61 to 90 days past due More than 90 days past due Impaired	8,353 1,697 1,918 598 12,566 342	- (342)	8,353 1,697 1,918 598
	49,844	(342)	49,502
			•

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are credit worthy customers with good payment record with the Group. None of the Group's trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have been renegotiated during the financial year.

The Group has trade receivables amounting to **RM9,549,272** (2020: RM12,565,656) that are past due but not impaired at the end of the reporting period as the management is of the view that these debts will be collected in due course.

The allowance account in respect of trade receivables is used to record impairment losses. Unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is possible, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against the receivable directly.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risks.

Maximum exposure to credit risk

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period which are grouped together as they are expected to have similar risk nature.

	Gross RM'000	Allowance for expected credit losses RM'000	Net RM'000
Credit risk rating			
GROUP			
2021			
Low risk Individually impaired	44,341 109	- (109)	44,341
	44,450	(109)	44,341
2020			
Low risk Individually impaired	49,502 342	(342)	49,502
	49,844	(342)	49,502

In managing the credit risk of the trade receivables, the Group manages its debtors and takes appropriate actions (including but not limited to legal actions) to recover long overdue balances. The Group measures the allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL using a simplified approach. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated based on past default experience and an analysis of the trade receivables' current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the trade receivables such as liquidation and bankruptcy. Forward looking information such as country risk assessment has been incorporated in determining the expected credit losses.

Trade receivables are usually collectible and the Group does not have much material historical bad debts written off or impairment of trade receivables. There are circumstances where the settlement of trade receivables will take longer than the credit terms given to the customers. The delay in settlement is mainly due to disagreement of pricing and quality issue or administrative matter. No expected credit losses is provided during the financial year based on the above assessment as the impact to the Group's financial statements is not material.

35.3.2 Financial guarantees

The Company provides unsecured financial guarantees to financial institutions in respect of banking facilities granted to certain subsidiaries and a joint venture company up to a limit of **RM165,899,803** (2020: RM165,899,803), of which the amount utilised as at the end of the reporting period was **RM34,171,339** (2020: RM43,058,412), representing the credit risk exposure to the Company as at that date.

The Company monitors on an ongoing basis the results of the subsidiaries and repayments made by the subsidiaries. As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that any subsidiaries would default on repayment. The directors considered that the fair value of the financial guarantee contracts on initial recognition is insignificant.

35.3.3 Intercompany advances

The Company provides advances to its subsidiaries and monitors their results regularly.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount in the statements of financial position.

As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the advances to its subsidiaries are not recoverable. The Company does not specifically monitor the ageing of these advances.

35.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group and the Company will not be able to meet their financial obligations as and when they fall due. The Group and the Company actively manage their debt maturity profile, operating cash flows and availability of funding so as to ensure that all repayment and funding needs are met. As part of their overall prudent liquidity management, the Group and the Company maintain sufficient levels of cash and cash equivalents to meet their working capital requirements.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period and are based on undiscounted contractual payments:

	Carrying amount RM'000	Contractual cash flows RM'000	Within one year RM'000	More than one year and less than five years RM'000	More than five years RM'000
GROUP					
2021					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	21,434	23,012	14,974	6,966	1,072
Lease liabilities	1,089	1,259	872	387	-
Trade payables	13,179	13,179	13,179	-	-
Other payables and accruals excluding GST and SST payable	8,611	8,611	8,611	-	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	44,313	46,061	37,636	7,353	1,072
2020					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	30,252	32,009	22,374	8,495	1,140
Lease liabilities	1,166	1,196	856	340	-
Trade payables	9,315	9,315	9,315	-	-
Other payables and accruals excluding GST and SST payable	9,647	9,647	9,647	-	
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	50,380	52,167	42,192	8,835	1,140
COMPANY					
2021					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	418	418	418	-	-
Other payables and accruals	31	31	31	-	-
Financial guarantee *	_	34,171	34,171	-	-
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	449	34,620	34,620	-	-
2020					
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Borrowings	137	137	137	-	-
Other payables and accruals	34	34	34	-	-
Financial guarantee *	-	43,058	43,058	-	-
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	171	43,229	43,229	-	_

^{*} The financial guarantees are included for illustration purpose only as they have not crystallised as at the end of the reporting period.

35.5 Interest rate risk

The Group's and the Company's fixed rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in their fair value due to changes in interest rates. The Group's and the Company's floating rate borrowings are exposed to a risk of change in cash flows due to changes in interest rates.

The interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments based on their carrying amount as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY		
	2021 2020		2021	2020	
	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	
Fixed rate instruments					
Financial assets	728	323	-	-	
Financial liabilities	11,943	20,398	-	-	
Floating rate instruments		-			
Financial liabilities	9,491	9,854	418	137	

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Group and the Company do not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and the Group and the Company do not designate derivatives as hedging instruments under a fair value hedge accounting model. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 25 basis point at the end of the reporting period would have decreased profit before tax by the amount shown below and a decrease would have an equal but opposite effect. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

	GRO	OUP	COMPANY		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Decreased in profit before tax	27	34	1	1	

35.6 Foreign currency risk

The objectives of the Group's foreign exchange policy are to allow the Group to manage exposures that arise from trading activities effectively within a framework of controls that does not expose the Group to unnecessary foreign exchange risks.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk mainly on sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currencies of the Group entities. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollar ("USD") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD").

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currencies exchange rates against Ringgit Malaysia, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax. A 10% strengthening of the RM against the following currencies at the end of the reporting period would have decreased profit before tax by the amount shown below and a corresponding weakening would have an equal but opposite effect.

	GRO	UP
	2021	2020
	RM'000	RM'000
USD	1,445	1,071
SGD	(5)	2
Others	2	1
Decrease in profit before tax	1,442	1,074

35.7 Equity price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the Group's financial assets designated at FVTPL and FVOCI will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Equity price risk arises from the Group's other investments which are the equity securities quoted in both local and foreign countries and investment in unit trusts.

Management of the Group monitors the equity investments on a portfolio basis. Material investments within the portfolio are managed on an individual basis and all buy and sell decisions are approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. While for the investment in unit trusts, the management of the Group monitors the unit trusts and it can be redeemed at any time upon notice given to the financial institution.

Sensitivity analysis for equity price risk

As at the end of the reporting period, if the share prices of the quoted equity securities had been 5% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax would have been **RM80,429** (2020: RM78,707) higher/lower, arising as a result of higher/lower fair value gain on investments in quoted shares.

As at the end of the reporting period, if the prices of the unit trusts had been 1% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax would have been **RM251,495** (2020: RM Nil) higher/lower, arising as a result of higher/lower fair value gain on investments in unit trusts.

36. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's financial assets (other than investments in quoted financial instruments) and financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period approximate their fair values due to their short term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amount of the non-current portion of finance lease liabilities is reasonable approximation of fair values due to the insignificant impact of discounting.

36.1 Financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, by the level in the fair value hierarchy:

GROUP	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000
2021 Financial assets Other investments	26,758	-	-	26,758	26,758
2020 Financial assets Other investments	1,573	-	-	1,573	1,573

Level 1 fair value

Level 1 fair value of the other investments is derived by reference to their quoted market prices in active markets at the end of reporting period.

Policy on transfer between levels

The fair value of an asset to be transferred between levels is determined as at the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and level 3 during the financial year.

36.2 Non-financial assets that are measured at fair value

The directors determine the recurring fair values of the Group's investment properties based on the followings:

- (i) With reference to valuation report by external independent qualified property valuer using the market comparison method, being comparison of current price in an active market for similar properties in the same location and condition and where necessary, adjusting for location, accessibility, visibility, time, size, present market trends and other differences; and
- (ii) Current market values with reference to the selling prices of similar properties.

Details of the Group's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

	Level 1 RM'000	Level 2 RM'000	Level 3 RM'000	Total RM'000	Carrying amount RM'000
GROUP					
2021					
Investment properties	-	21,310	-	21,310	21,310
2020					
Investment properties	-	4,910	-	4,910	4,910

Level 2 fair value

Level 2 fair value is estimated using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the financial assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly.

Level 2 fair value of investment properties have been generally derived using the market comparison approach. Selling price of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per square foot of comparable properties.

37. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's and the Company's capital management policy is to maintain a strong capital base to support their business and to maximise shareholders' value.

The Group and the Company manage their capital structure and make adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions or expansion of the Group and of the Company. The Group and the Company may adjust the capital structure by issuing new shares, returning capital to shareholders or adjusting the amount of dividends to be paid to shareholders or sell assets to reduce debts. No changes were made in the objective, policy and process during the financial year under review as compared to the previous financial year.

The Group and the Company consider their total equity and total loans and borrowings to be the key components of their capital structure. The Group and the Company monitor capital using a debt to equity ratio, which is calculated as total borrowings divided by total equity as follows:

	GROU	U P	COMPANY		
	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	2021 RM'000	2020 RM'000	
Total borrowings	21,434	30,252	418	137	
Less: Cash and bank balances	(75,166)	(80,121)	(24,458)	(13,878)	
Net cash	(53,732)	(49,869)	(24,040)	(13,741)	
Total equity	301,378	273,337	169,692	158,821	
Gearing ratio	N/A ⁽ⁱ⁾	N/A ⁽ⁱ⁾	N/A ⁽ⁱ⁾	N/A ⁽ⁱ⁾	

⁽i) N/A - Not applicable as net cash position

38. EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME ("ESOS") AND EMPLOYEE SHARE GRANT SCHEME ("ESGS")

The Company's ESOS and ESGS is governed by the By-Laws approved by the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 29 August 2017. The ESOS and ESGS will be in force for a maximum period of five years till 6 October 2022.

The salient features of the ESOS and ESGS are as follows:

- (i) The total number of new ordinary shares which are available to be issued under the ESGS and ESOS shall not in aggregate exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total issued and share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company at any point in time during the duration of the scheme.
- (ii) A person shall be eligible to participate in the ESGS and ESOS if, as at the date of offer, has attained the age of at least eighteen (18) years old; not be an undischarged bankrupt nor subject to any bankruptcy proceedings; is serving in a specific designation under an employment contract, whether on a permanent contract or for a fixed duration. Eligibility to participate in the scheme does not confer on an Eligible Person a claim or right to participate in the scheme unless the ESGS and ESOS Committee has made an offer and the Eligible Person has accepted the offer in accordance with the terms of the offer and the scheme. The selection of any Eligible Person to participate in the scheme shall be at the discretion of the ESGS and ESOS Committee.
- (iii) The aggregate maximum number of shares that may be allocated shall be determined by the Scheme Committee, on an annual basis, provided that the allocation to any individual Eligible Person who, either singly or collectively through persons connected with that Eligible person, holds twenty percent (20%) or more of the issued share capital of the Company, shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the Maximum Shares Available.
- (iv) The options shall continue to be in force for a period of five (5) years thereafter, provided that the approval of Bursa securities for the listing of and quotation for the new shares to be issue; the approval of the shareholders of the Company; and the fulfilment of all conditions attached to the approvals.
- (v) The new ordinary shares to be allotted upon the exercise of the option will, upon allotment, rank *pari passu* in all respects with the then existing issued and fully paid-up shares of the Company, except that the new ordinary shares so allotted will not be entitled to any rights, dividends, allotments or other forms of distribution, the entitlement date of which is declared prior to the date of allotment of the ordinary shares and will be subject to all the provisions of the Constitution of the Company and the Listing Requirements relating to transfer, transmission and otherwise.

Employee share option scheme

Movement of share options during the financial year

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share options during the financial year:

	Batch 1 Number of share options	WAEP RM	Batch 2 Number of share options	WAEP RM
Offer date	21.7.21		26.10.21	
Granted	39,500	0.785	52,000	0.750
Exercised	(33,000)	0.785	(48,000)	0.750
Rejected	-		(4,000)	0.750
	6,500	0.785	-	0.750

The weighted average fair value of share options during the financial year was RM0.22 (2020: RM Nil).

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of the share options exercised during the year was **RM1.00** (2020: RM Nil).

Fair value of share options

The fair value of the share options granted were estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted.

The following table lists the inputs to the Black-Scholes models for the financial year ended 31 December:

	GRO	UP
Offer date	21.7.21	26.10.21
Fait value of share options at grant date (RM)	0.2491	0.1943
Expected volatility (%)	72.93	50.38
Risk-free interest rate (% p.a)	3.48	3.48
Expected dividend yield (%)	0	0
Expected life of options (days)	441	344
Share price (RM)	1.02	1.00
Exercise price (RM)	0.785	0.750

The expected life of the share options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the share options is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

Employee share grant scheme

Movement of share grant during the financial year

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share grant during the financial year:

	Batch 1 Number of share grant	WAEP RM	Batch 2 Number of share grant	WAEP RM
Offer date	21.7.21		26.10.21	
Granted Exercised	39,500 (39,500)	0.785 0.785	172,000 (172,000)	0.830 0.830
Balance at end		0.785		0.830

The weighted average fair value of share grants during the financial year was RM0.82 (2020: RM Nil).

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of the grants exercised during the year were **RM1.00** (2020: RM Nil).

Fair value of share grant

The fair value of the share grant granted were estimated at the grant date using the Black-Scholes Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share grant were granted.

The following table lists the inputs to the Black-Scholes models for the financial year ended 31 December:

	GRO	UP
Offer date	21.7.21	26.10.21
Fait value of share grants at grant date (RM)	0.785	0.830
Expected volatility (%)	72.93	50.38
Risk-free interest rate (% p.a)	3.48	3.48
Expected dividend yield (%)	0	0
Expected life of options (days)	0	0
Share price (RM)	1.02	1.00
Exercise price (RM)	0.785	0.830

The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility over a period similar to the life of the share grants is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome.

39. SIGNIFICANT EVENT

The World Health Organisation declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak a pandemic on 11 March 2020. This was followed by our government issuing a Gazetted Order known as the Movement Control Order ("MCO") starting from 18 March 2020 to curb the spread of the COVID-19 outbreak in Malaysia. The COVID-19 outbreak also resulted in travel restriction, lockdown and other precautionary measures imposed in various countries. The emergence of the COVID-19 outbreak since early 2020 has brought significant economic uncertainties in Malaysia and markets in which the Group operates.

The Group's manufacturing division is achieving better performance in the financial year ended 31 December 2021 following the economic recovery of Malaysia. Furthermore, the Group is neither receiving any cancellation of sales orders nor facing customers' delay in payments, and is not facing major disruption in the supply chain.

On the other hand, the travel restriction has continued to cause the disruption to the Group's hotel operations. However, the hotel operation has recovered gradually in the last quarter of the financial year ended 31 December 2021. With the government's effort to reopen the border to international visitors from 1st April 2022 and to allow the fully vaccinated travelers entering the country without quarantine, the Group can expect a positive recovery in the hotel division in the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

The Group will continue its effort in mitigating the exposure and disruptions in the business operations by strictly adherence to standard operating procedures and guidelines issued by authorities to ensure the health and safety of employees and stakeholders.

LIST OF PROPERTIES OWNED BY PUBLIC PACKAGES HOLDINGS BERHAD AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

Location	Title	Existing Use	Date of Last Revaluation	Age of Building (years)	Land area / Built-up area (sq.feet)	Carrying Amount as at 31.12.21 RM
PUBLIC PACKAGES SDN. 1	BHD.					
Plot 72 Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 2.10.2047	Factory building	28.11.2007	32	22,509 / 11,516	1,027,130
Plot 96(A) Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 22.5.2050	Factory building	28.11.2007	32	32,356 / 5,688	1,298,013
Plot 96(B) Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 5.7.2054	Factory building	28.11.2007	25	16,985 / 9,979	466,071
Plot 67 Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 14.8.2047	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	33	44,083 / 94,249	2,359,250
Plot 116 Lintang Kampong Jawa Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 18.10.2055	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	27	84,183 / 7,317	1,920,568
Block F95 Taman Pelangi, Prai (10 units)	Leasehold 22.4.2092	Hostel	28.11.2007	25	- / 500 (per unit)	396,764

Location	Title	Existing Use	Date of Last Revaluation	Age of Building (years)	Land area / Built-up area (sq.feet)	Carrying Amount as at 31.12.21 RM	
PUBLIC PACKAGES (NT) SDN. BHD.						
Lot 5632 Mukim 11 (Nibong Tebal) Seberang Perai Selatan, Penang	Freehold	Factory Building	28.11.2007	27	- / 137,152	9,453,231	
PPH PRINTING & PACK	AGING (PENA	ANG) SDN. BHD).				
Plot 482 Jalan Perusahaan Baru, Prai Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 23.2.2049	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	32	43,738 / 38,474	1,604,610	
A-1-3 Kelisa Apartment Lorong Kikik Satu, Taman Inderawasih, Seberang Perai	Freehold	Hostel	28.11.2007	29	- / 726	64,800	
Block F95 Taman Pelangi, Prai (10 units)	Leasehold 22.4.2092	Hostel	28.11.2007	25	- / 500 (per unit)	396,765	
Plot 468 Jalan Perusahaan Baru, Prai Industrial Estate, Penang	Leasehold 19.4.2049	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	32	93,329 / 77,727	3,679,687	
PUBLIC PACKAGES (PRAI) SDN. BHD.							
Plot 60 P.T. No: 2941 Prai Industrial Estate Phase 4 Mukim 11 Seberang Perai Tengah, Penang	Leasehold 29.6.2052	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	27	261,361 / 140,924	10,096,547	
PPH PRINTING & PACKAGING (KULIM) SDN. BHD.							
Plot 75 Kulim Industrial Estate Kulim, Kedah	Leasehold 21.9.2049	Factory and office building	28.11.2007	31	52,272 / 54,140	1,361,783	

Location	Title	Existing Use	Date of Last Revaluation	Age of Building (years)	Land area / Built-up area (sq.feet)	Carrying Amount as at 31.12.21 RM
PUBLIC PACKAGES PRO	OPERTIES SDN	. BHD.				
Lot 5632 Mukim 11 (Nibong Tebal) Seberang Perai Selatan, Penang	Freehold	Rental	25.07.2012	-	511,877 /	6,578,000
84 Lebuhraya Kapal, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	36	1,389 / 2,800	420,000
5-2-4 Edgecumbe Court, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	32	- / 700	430,000
Unit SB15 Block A, No. 1 Persiaran Gurney, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	33	- / 1,815	1,200,000
Unit I-4-3 Taman Desa Relau, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	29	- / 700	260,000
Unit 368-2-04 Belisa Row Jalan Burma, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	26	- / 1,055	650,000
No. A-17-02, Verticas Residensi, off Jalan Ceylon, Kuala Lumpur	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	11	- / 2,111	1,850,000
Lot15 Jalan Utas 15/7 Section 15 40000 Shah Alam, Selangor	Leasehold 31.10.2070	Rental	31.12.2017	8	14,966 / 273	5,569,656
PPH PLAZA SDN. BHD.						
Lot 742 Section 23 Bandar Georgetown Daerah Timur Laut, Penang	Freehold	Hotel	23.12.2002	-	39,107	52,539,558
Lot 741 & 743 Section 23 Bandar Georgetown Daerah Timur Laut, Penang	Freehold	Rental	31.12.2021	-	17,137	16,500,000
					-	120,122,433

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

SHARE CAPITAL as at 5 APRIL 2022

No. of shares : 188,916,001 shares Classes of Shares : Ordinary shares

Voting Rights : One vote per ordinary share

No. of Shareholders : 3,980

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (Excluding Bare Trustees) as at 5 APRIL 2022

	Name	No. of Ordinary Shares Held						
		Direct Interest	%	Indirect Interest	%			
1.	Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	77,541,720	41.05	-	-			
2.	Multiple Accomplishments Sdn. Bhd.	15,093,274	8.00	-	-			
3.	Koay Chiew Poh	7,283,394	3.86	84,415,148 *	44.68			
4.	Ooi Siew Hong	113,000	0.06	84,415,148 *	44.68			

Note:

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS as at 5 APRIL 2022

	Name	No.	of Ordinary	y Shares Held	
		Direct Interest	%	Indirect Interest	%
1.	Koay Chiew Poh	7,283,394	3.86	84,415,148 (a)	44.68
2.	Koay Chiew Kang	1,834,107	0.97	6,975,423 (b)	3.69
3.	Koay Teng Liang	112,995	0.06	-	-
4.	Koay Teng Kheong	33,000	0.02	-	-
5.	Nurjannah Binti Ali	-	-	-	-
6.	Ng Thim Fook	-	-	-	-
7.	Ong Eng Choon	-	-	-	-
8.	Koay Chue Beng	634,900	0.34	6,745,714 (c)	3.57
9.	Tang Boon Lee	8,228	-	-	-

Notes:

^{*} Deemed interested by virtue of Section 8 and Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd., Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd., his spouse and son respectively.

⁽a) Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 and Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd., Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd., his spouse and son respectively.

⁽b) Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 and Section 59(11)(c) of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd., his spouse and daughter respectively.

⁽c) Deemed interest pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 by virtue of shares held through Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS as at 5 APRIL 2022

Holdings	No. of	%	No. of Shares	%
Less than 100	280	7.03	12,031	0.01
101 - 1,000	488	12.26	268,808	0.14
1,001 - 10,000	1,919	48.22	11,085,448	5.87
10,001 - 100,000	1,174	29.50	34,879,129	18.46
100,001 - 9,445,799 *	117	2.94	50,035,591	26.49
9,445,800 and above **	2	0.05	92,634,994	49.03
TOTAL	3,980	100.00	188,916,001	100.00

Remark: * Less than 5% of issued shares

THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS as at 5 APRIL 2022

No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1.	Fame Pack Holdings Sdn. Bhd.	77,541,720	41.05
2.	Multiple Accomplishments Sdn. Bhd.	15,093,274	8.00
3.	Koay Chiew Poh	7,283,394	3.86
4.	Koay Boon Pee Holding Sdn. Bhd.	6,745,714	3.57
5.	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	3,423,000	1.81
	Pledged Securities Account For Tay Eng Tong	, ,	
6	George Lee Sang Kian	1,378,500	0.73
7.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,371,942	0.73
	Pledged Securities Account For Cheam Heng Ming (E-KTN/RAU)	, ,	
8.	Koay Chiew Kang	1,365,538	0.72
9.	Koay Chew Guan	1,271,394	0.67
10.	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	1,000,000	0.53
	Pledged Securities Account For Gan Seong Liam	, ,	
11.	Do Hock Kwong	867,585	0.46
12.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	810,000	0.43
	Pledged Securities Account For Kong Kok Choy (8092812)	,	
13.	Loh Chung Hai	650,000	0.34
14.	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	650,000	0.34
	Pledged Securities Account For Chung Kai Sun (E-TJJ)		
15.	Koay Chue Beng	634,900	0.34
16.	Kong Jit Chong	610,000	0.32
17.	PM Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	591,428	0.31
	Malpac Management Sdn. Bhd.	, , ,	
18.	Gan Kho @ Gan Hong Leong	582,700	0.31
19	CGS – CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	560,000	0.30
	Pledged Securities Account For Goalkey System Sdn. Bhd. (MY1461)	,	
20.	Gan Kho @ Gan Hong Leong	552,000	0.29
21.	Koay Chiew Lee	535,854	0.28
22.	Maybank Securities Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	507,100	0.27
	Pledged Securities Account For Mary Tan @ Tan Hui Ngoh (STF)	,	
23.	Koay Chiew Kang	468,569	0.25
24.	Lee Ming Yen	441,000	0.23
25.	Au Yong Mun Yue	420,000	0.22
26.	Alliancegroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn. Bhd.	406,000	0.21
	Pledged Securities Account For Ng Chooi Guan (7000747)	,	
27.	Tye Sok Cin	400,000	0.21
28.	Chee Kheng Can Factory Sdn. Berhad	364,285	0.19
29.	Cheah Yaw Song	335,714	0.18
30	Chee Ah Ngoh	321,800	0.17
		2,-00	2.17
		127,183,411	67.32

^{** 5%} and above of issued shares

PROXY FORM

Number of Shares Held				CI)S	AC	CO	UN	T	NO.	,			
		1		1										

PUBLIC PACKAGES HOLDINGS BERHAD Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

	(Incorporated in Malaysia)		
* I /We(Full Name in Block L	etters) (*NRIC/Passport/Co	ompany No	
ofbeing a * member / members of the abovenam			(Address)
Full Name in Block Letters	NRIC / Passport No.	Proportion of Sh	anah aldin aa
ruii Name iii Biock Letters	NRIC / Passport No.	No. of Shares	%
Address	<u> </u>	TVOT OT BINATOS	, ,
Email Address			
Telephone No.			
*and/or	T		
Full Name in Block Letters	NRIC / Passport No.	Proportion of Sh	
		No. of Shares	%
Address			
Email Address			
Telephone No.			
or failing whom, the Chairman of the med "AGM") of the Company will be held at A on Monday, 30 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. and	eting as *my/our proxy to vote for *me/us on *my/ Angier & Borden Level 4, Meeting Room, The Prest at any adjournment thereof.	ige Hotel of 8 Gat Lebuh Ger	reja, 10300 Pen
or failing whom, the Chairman of the med "AGM") of the Company will be held at A on Monday, 30 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. and ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS	angier & Borden Level 4, Meeting Room, The Prest at any adjournment thereof.		
or failing whom, the Chairman of the med "AGM") of the Company will be held at A on Monday, 30 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. and DRDINARY RESOLUTIONS 1. To re-elect Mr. Koay Teng Kheong as a	Angier & Borden Level 4, Meeting Room, The Prest at any adjournment thereof. a Director of the Company.	ige Hotel of 8 Gat Lebuh Ger	reja, 10300 Pen
or failing whom, the Chairman of the mee "AGM") of the Company will be held at A on Monday, 30 May 2022 at 10.00 a.m. and ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS 1. To re-elect Mr. Koay Teng Kheong as a 2. To re-elect Mr. Ong Eng Choon as a D	angier & Borden Level 4, Meeting Room, The Prest at any adjournment thereof. a Director of the Company. irector of the Company.	ige Hotel of 8 Gat Lebuh Ger	reja, 10300 Pen
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Notes:

Signature of Member(s)/Common Seal

1. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company.

Signed thisday of,2022.

- A member shall be entitled to appoint up to a maximum of two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the same meeting. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.
 Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares of the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one
- 3. Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares of the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies it may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds. An Exempt Authorised Nominee refers to an authorised nominee defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 ("SICDA") which is exempted from compliance with the provision of subsection 25A(1) of SICDA.
- 4. Where a member is an authorised nominee as defined under SICDA, it may appoint at least one (1) proxy but not more than two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account it holds which is credited with the shares of the Company. The appointment of two (2) proxies in respect of a particular securities account shall be invalid unless the Authorised Nominee specifies the proportion of its shareholding to be represented by each proxy.
- 5. For a proxy to be valid, the proxy form duly completed must be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Wisma Public Packages, Plot 67 Lintang Kampong Jawa, Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, 11900 Bayan Lepas, Penang not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjournment thereof, or in the case of a poll not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll. Any completed Proxy Form transmitted by facsimile or electronic mail to the registered office of the Company will not be accepted.
- 6. In the case of a corporate member, the proxy form must be executed under the corporation's common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in which, it must be supported by a certified true copy of the relevant form or resolution appointing the officer or certified true copy of the power of attorney.
- For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend the 35th AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn. Bhd. to issue a General Meeting Record of Depositors as at 18th May 2022 Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors as at 18th May 2022 shall be entitled to attend the 35th AGM or appoint proxies to attend and/or vote on his/her behalf.

^{*} Strike out whichever is not applicable.

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AFFIX STAMP



PUBLIC PACKAGES HOLDINGS BERHAD

Registration No. 198701003743 (162413-K)

Wisma Public Packages, Plot 67 Lintang Kampong Jawa, Bayan Lepas Industrial Estate, 11900 Bayan Lepas, Penang.

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PUBLIC PACKAGES HOLDINGS BERHAD 198701003743 (162413-K)

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 Bayan Lepas Industrial Park 11900 Penang, Malaysia.
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- @ solutions@pph.com.my / www.pph.com.my